THE MARION DAILY STAR.

VOL. XII NO. 193. MARION, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1889. PRICE, 3 CENTS.

Death's Shining Mark

Mrs. Lucy Hayes Succumbs to the Great Destroyer.

SHE PASSES PEACEFULLY AWAY.

Surrounded by Her Family and Friends, the Flickering Lamp of Life Goes Out. The Funeral Will Take Place Friday. Leading Events in Her Well Spent Life.

FREMONT, O., June 26.—Mrs. Rutherford B. Hayes died at 6 o'clock yesterday morning without having spoken a word since she was stricken with paralysis last Friday afternoon. She rallied slightly Monday afternoon, but became worse again about 7 o'clock in the evening and continued to sink gradually until dissolution occurred.

At the bedside were the members of the family, together with Mrs. Mitchell, of Columbus, a cousin of Gen. Hayes; Mrs. Huntington, a cousin of Mrs. Hayes; Lucy Keeler, Mrs. A. H. Miller and the physicians. The funeral will take place Friday afternoon.

The entire city is in mourning and flags are at half mast. Telegrams of condolence have been received from President and Mrs. Harrison.

Mrs. Hayes' maiden name was Lucy Ware Webb. She was born the 28th of August, 1831, at Chillicothe, O., and was the youngest child and only daughter of Dr. James Webb and Maria Cook. Her grandfather, Judge Isaac Cook, who came from Connecticut in 1788, and all four of her great grandfathers served in the revolutionary war. Her father served in the war of 1812 and died during the cholera scourge in Lexington, Ky., in 1833. Her mother, Maria Cook Webb, was a woman of great force and character and deep religious convictions.

She removed to Delaware to have her sons educated at the Ohio Wesleyan university, and her daughter received the benefit of the same instructions, and afterward was graduated at the Wesleyan Female seminary, at Cincinnati, in 1852. She was married Dec. 30, 1852, and at the breaking out of the war of the rebellion her family consisted of her mother, her two brothers, and her four little boys. Her husband and both of her brothers immediately entered the army, and from that time until the close of the war her home was a refuge for wounded, sick and furlough soldiers, going to or returning from the front. She spent two winters in camp with her husband in Virginia, and after the battle at South Mountain, where he was badly wounded, she hastened east and joined him at Middletown, Md., and later spent much time in the hospital, near Frederick City.

After the close of the war she accompanied her husband to Washington while he was a member of congress. She was one of the originators of the Ohio soldiers' and sailors' orphans' home, and on its board of directors prior to its adoption by the state. While her husband was governor of Ohio she took an active interest in all the charitable institutions of the state. During the four years of her life at the White House she was distinguished by the graceful cordiality with which she received all who came to her. Since the retirement of her husband from public life she has been an ardently interested member of the Woman's Relief Corps, and has served during successive years as the president of the Woman's Home Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church.

She has been an honorary member of the Society of the Army of West Virginia, the medal of which had been presented to her by the soldiers whose loyal regard for her was an homage, the most highly appreciated. To her deep and inborn conviction it was her nature to be true through all the circumstances of her life. This high loyalty shaped simply and naturally, and therefore consistently through all her years, the ways of her home life, the manner of her hospitalities and her custom in society while she moved through them all as the wife of a private citizen, and during the twenty years of her husband's public life as a Union general, a member of congress, a governor of her native state and the president of the nation.

A BOATING ACCIDENT.

Six People Run Down By a Tug at Albany, N. Y.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 26.—A boating party consisting of John Mattimore, son of the late Thomas Mattimore, the well known coal dealer, Edward and Joseph Cate, Maria and Maggie Hurnes, Miss Kate Ryan and Miss Mary Hennessey, two young ladies, cousins of the Hudson river girls from Hudson, N. Y. While rowing on the river opposite the Knickerbocker Ice houses at Bath, were run down by the tug Evangeline, and the boat upset at 9:30 yesterday, and before assistance could reach them all were drowned, excepting Joseph Cate, who escaped but was almost completely exhausted by his efforts to save his companions.

Capt. McLennan, of the Evangeline, says he saw the party when about fifty feet away and blew his whistle, but the noise of an accordeon which Joseph Cate was playing evidently drowned the sound of the whistle. The parties drowned are all about 22 years of age, and were estimable young people. A search has been kept up all night for the bodies of the unfortunates, but none of them have been discovered up to the present time.

Steamship Burned.

VENTURA, CAL., June 26. While loading oil, the steamship W. L. Harrison, owned by the Mission Transfer company, of Santa Paula, caught fire and was burned to the water's edge. The loss will reach about $80,000

WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

Apportionment Made of the Census Districts—Other News.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Superintendent Porter, of the census bureau, has divided the country into 173 census districts, for the purpose of taking the next census, each one of which will be in charge of a supervisor. In 1880 the country was divided into 150 districts. The apportionment of districts among the several states is as follows:

Alabama, 5; Arizona, 1; Arkansas, 3; California, 5; Colorado 2, Connecticut, 2; Delaware, 1; District of Columbia, 1; Florida, 1; Georgia, 6; Idaho, 1; Illinois, 8; Indiana, 6; Iowa, 4, Kansas, 3; Kentucky, 6, Louisiana, 1; Maine, 2; Maryland, 3; Massachusetts, 1; Michigan, 6; Minnesota, 4; Mississippi, 4; Missouri, 8, Montana, 1; Nebraska, 3; Nevada, 1; New Hampshire, 1; New Jersey 3; New Mexico, 1; New York, 11; North Carolina, 5; Dakota, 3; Ohio, 8; Oregon, 2; Pennsylvania, 10; Rhode Island, 1; South Carolina, 4, Tennessee, 7; Texas, 8; Utah, 1; Vermont, 1; Virginia, 5; Washington, 2; West Virginia, 2; Wisconsin, 5, Wyoming, 1.

The census appropriation provides for 175 supervisors, and it is probable that the two remaining districts will be Oklahoma and Alaska.

Chinese Pass Through in Bond.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Solicitor Hepburn has given an opinion to the secretary of the treasury that there is nothing in the law to prohibit the landing of Chinese laborers, who desire merely to pass through the territory of the United States in transit. The question arose on application for the landing at San Francisco, of a number of Chinese destined for Cuba, bond being offered for their departure from United States territory. The application was granted.

Extra Session of Congress in November.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—It is thought likely now that an extra session of congress, which the president is expected to call, will not be held until November. The impression has prevailed that congress would likely be called together in October, but several senators prominent on the Republican side of the chamber have stated recently that the president would not call the congress together before the first week in November.

Another Change.

WASHINGTON, June 26. C. C. James, of New York, has been appointed postal note agent at New York City, vice S. J. Halpin removed.

R. M. Wallace, of Arkansas, a post-office inspector has resigned.

The Samoan Treaty in Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—William Walter Phelps, of the Berlin commission, has arrived here with a copy of the Samoan treaty. He had an interview with Secretary Blaine at the Normandie hotel.

THE CRONIN CASE.

No Important Developments, Though Something is Promised.

CHICAGO, June 26. There were no important developments yesterday in the Cronin case. Woodruff, P. O. Sullivan and Coughlin were brought into Judge Shepard's court in the afternoon and it was stated in their behalf that they agreed to a continuance of the case until next term. John F. Beggs spent two hours in the state's attorney's office during the morning, and, in response to repeated questions, declared that Cronin had never been tried by Camp 20. The mysterious writer of the letter received by Judge Longenecker has not yet revealed his identity. The grand jury resumes its investigation into the case to-day.

Officer Riley, of the Chicago Avenue station, who was one of ex-Capt. Schaack's warmest favorites, was peremptorily dismissed from the force Saturday night, for purloining a letter from the station that was addressed to Dan Coughlin. It bore a London date and it had lain around the station because the authorities wanted to make use of it before it reached Coughlin. Riley took the letter from the station Friday and gave it to Pat Gannon, a Clark street bar tender, who testified before the coroner's jury. He says he wanted to frighten Gannon by telling him his name was on the pages inside, but Gannon instead of getting frightened, turned the letter over to the state's attorney, who at once reported the matter to Capt. Schuettler. The latter lost no time in depriving Riley of his star.

Camp 20 Disbanded.

Camp 20, the state's attorney has just learned, has within the past week been disbanded. Edward Spellman, president of the whisky trust, who is the chief officer of the Clan-na-Gael for the district of Illinois and Michigan, has been subpoened to explain the reason for the disbandment. The break up of the camp at this time is not pleasing to the state's attorney.

German Miners Not Yet Satisfied.

LONDON, June 26.—The miners in Westphalia are again giving evidence of discontent and Herr Hammacher, the German deputy, who has just been made a councellor of state for his services in settling the last strike, has been sent to Dortmund to confer with the delegates of miners. The miners insist that they be allowed to maintain a permanent set of delegates to regularly discuss their complaints. The government dreading the opportunities this would give for endless agitation are not inclined to grant permission therefor.

Killed a Thirteen-Year-Old Girl.

MEDINA, N. Y., June 26.—Eugene Emery, a farm laborer, 40 years old, killed Cora Grimes, aged 12, at Oak Orchard, last night, because she rejected his attentions. Emery has acted strangely for some time, and may be insane. He narrowly escaped lynching. The murder was a brutal one, the man crushing the girl's skull with a heavy board.

The Prospects of War

Growing Every Day Throughout Europe.

DISCUSSED IN THE COMMONS.

Nearly All the Great Powers Becoming Involved in the Approaching Clash of Arms—Other Cullings From the Foreign Dispatches.

LONDON, June 26.—In the house of lords yesterday the prospects of a European war were freely discussed, and the attention of the government was called to serious danger to England which would result if the annexation of Island of Crete were accomplished, by one of the powers as is reported to be in contemplation. Lord Salisbury stated that the government were not unmindful of the possibilities which might be the outcome of the present state of continental Europe, but he assured their lordships that the report that any of the great powers were seriously contemplating the annexation of Crete was unfounded.

The Russian censorship of the press, which has never had a reputation for extreme leniency, has redoubled its vigilance in the past two weeks and is now so rigorous that the items of news which come by telegraph from St. Petersburg or elsewhere in the empire, are of the mildest and most colorless nature. Everything of a political character is now forwarded by Russian correspondents by mail as far as the German frontier, whence it is telegraphed. Such news as is allowed to filter through in this way confirms the reports heretofore received of the strained relations between Russia and Italy, and indicates that the Italian ambassador at St. Petersburg, M. De Marocheti, finds himself at the Russian court in a position that is all but unbearable.

The Cologne Gazette prints an article evidently inspired on the probable attitude of Turkey in the event of war. Turkey, it declares, is naturally disposed to remain peaceful, and for that reason the allies have never approached Russia on the subject of a Turkish neutrality. Truly, Russia has made efforts repeatedly to extort from Turkey a neutrality treaty, but has always failed. It is possible that Russian intrigue may yet force Turkey and her allies to take up arms, but considering that Turkey can muster 500,000 troops, it is impossible that Russia should desire such a result.

Switzerland Desires Peace.

VIENNA, June 26.—Count Kalnoky addressing the delegations yesterday, stated that the peace of Europe was not endangered, although the situation was unsettled. The condition of things in Servia is such that Austria is bound to guard against subversive measures which may be contemplated by her enemies in that country. There are a few nations which manifest discontent which would perhaps welcome a disturbance of the balance of power in Europe. This fact causes a feeling of insecurity, but all the Swiss are devoted to the maintenance of peace. The count said that the movement for Servian autonomy was chimerical and did not constitute a danger to Austria. The action of the recent Catholic congress could not affect the cordial relations between Austria and Italy.

The Woman Identified.

LONDON, June 27. The identity of the woman, whose body was recently taken piecemeal out of the Thames, has been established, several persons having recognized her by the clothing in which the parts of the body was wrapped, and by peculiar scars upon the arms. She was Elizabeth Jackson, a frequenter of the common lodging houses in Chelsea. She was known to be alive on May 31. The identification has revived the theory that she was another victim of Jack the Ripper.

Russia's Foreign Relations.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 26.—The Journal De St. Petersburg make no comment on the speech of Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, to the delegations. It remarks, however, in an editorial article filling a conspicuous place in the paper, that the foreign relations of Russia are unchanged, and hopes that the peace of Europe may be maintained.

The Emperor Fears No War.

LONDON, June 26.—A Vienna dispatch to The Standard says: Emperor Francis Joseph, speaking individually to a delegation yesterday, said the public and press view the foreign situation in a far more and disquieting light than the facts warrant, either in Roumania or Servia, where good immediate prospects of peace exist.

Germany Purchasing Repeating Rifles.

BERLIN, June 26.—The council has decided to borrow the sum of 16,000,000 franes, with which to purchase repeating rifles for the army. It is also reported that a conference will be held in Geneva to deal with the question of political refugees in Switzerland. All this is the outcome of the Wahlgenauth affair.

Blaming Switzerland.

BERLIN, June 26.—The North German Gazette declares that Swiss neutrality was guaranteed by the congress of Vienna only on certain conditions and obligations which Switzerland has ignored, and she cannot therefore continue to claim the benefits of the guaranty.

England Must Evacuate Egypt.

PARIS, June 26.—It is authoritatively stated that the scheme for the conversion of the Egyptian preferred debt will not be agreed to by the French government, unless England shall give a guaranty that she will evacuate Egypt.

War Clauses.

LONDON, June 26.—A dispatch from Odessa to The Daily News says that war clauses have been added to nearly all Russian private commercial agreements.

The Emperor's Speech Well Received.

BELGRADE, June 26.—A very favorable impression has been made in Servia by the speech of the Emperor of Austria, to the delegation.

DEATH PENALTY PAID.

Hanging of Mrs. Whiteling and "Red Nosed Mike."

PHILADELPHIA, June 26.—Mrs. Sarah Jane Whiteling was hanged yesterday morning in the corridor of the county prison. The drop fell at 10:07 o'clock, and the body was lowered and removed at 10:41. The woman's bearing throughout the terrible ordeal was a most remarkable exhibition of fortitude and resignation to her fate.

A great change had come over her recently and she met the refusal of the governor to commute her sentence with a remarkable composure. She said her sins had all been forgiven and she was prepared to go. She said she hoped to meet her dear ones in heaven. Her spiritual adviser was convinced that she was entirely sane, though part of the defense made by her lawyers was that her mind was unbalanced.

The crime for which Mrs. Whiteling was hung was the poisoning of her husband in March, 1888, her 9-year-old daughter in April, and her 3-year-old boy in May. Mrs. Whiteling's husband died March 20, 1888, apparently of gastric fever. April 24 followed the death of her daughter Bertha, 9 years old, apparently of gastric fever also. Thirty-two days later, Willie, her 3-year-old son, died, apparently of congestion of the bowels. June 13, of the same year, Mrs. Whiteling confessed to having poisoned her two children with rat poison, but denied having caused the death of her husband. Then two days later she told the coroner how she murdered her husband by putting rat poison in his eggnogg. She was convicted of the three murders and sentenced to death. Opponents of capital punishment tried hard but unsuccessfully to secure a commutation of her sentence to life imprisonment.

It is believed the unnatural wife took her husband's life for the insurance upon it, also that of her eldest child, whose life she had insured before she killed it. The baby she said she killed "because it was in the way." She was 41 years of age, very ignorant, and unable to read or write.

Mrs. Whiteling was the first woman ever hanged in Philadelphia county. Seven altogether have suffered the death penalty in Pennsylvania, the first in 1806 and the last in 1867.

"Red Nosed Mike" Hanged.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 26.—Michael Rizello, alias "Red Nosed Mike," was hanged here at 10 o'clock yesterday. There was nothing of a sensational nature in connection with the execution. The body was cut down at 10:18.

The crime for which he paid the death penalty was committed in the forenoon of October 18, 1888, J. Brainard McClure, paymaster of Contractor Charles McFadden, was accompanied by Hugh Flanagan, the stable boss, and was driving from Wilkesbarre to the railroad camp, above Miner's mills, with $12,000, intended to pay off the workmen on the completed job.

Michael Rizello, Guissepi Bevireno and Vincenzo Vellali lay in wait on the lonely mountain road expecting the arrival of McClure and Flanagan. On their approach Rizello stepped out and fired three shots into Flanagan, either shot doing deadly work. The frightened horse started to run away, and proceeded some little distance, when Bevireno, with a rifle, shot McClure in the back twice, killing him instantly.

The horse continued its flight until Vellalli, who was ambushed further up the road, stepped out and shot it through the brain. The other Italians then arrived on the spot, cut loose the valise containing the money and fled through the forest to Mike's cabin, three miles away, where the money and guns were concealed. Although Mike and his companions were suspected and arrested, they were discharged, and soon after left the city, going to Poughkeepsie, taking with them their plunder, $12,000.

A few weeks later Mike's companions took passage on a steamer for Italy. Pinkerton's permitting them to leave with the money unmolested, though Mike was still kept under under surveillance. Later evidence was procured by detectives which frightened Mike into a full confession on January 5, 1889. On February 7 Mike was brought to trial and after four days of dramatic excitement in court he was found guilty. Though entirely without money or friends, he was ably defended by leading members of the Luzerne bar.

One of the clergymen who attended Rizzolo in his last hours, states that the murderer left a long confession, written in Italian, admitting that he shot McClure and Flanagan, and believed his bullets caused the death of both, though Bevevino and Vallela also fired. Rizzolo adheres in his confession to the statement that he acted under the compulsion of his accomplices.

Farmers Getting Even.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., June 26.—James S. Wilson was arrested yesterday on a charge of embezzlement. He was proprietor of a large flouring mill, and failed recently with liabilities of nearly $50,000, mostly for wheat stored in his mill. Many farmers lost by the failure, and they are now combining to convict him of embezzlement.

Death Momentarily Expected.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 26.—Gen. Cameron constantly grows weaker, and death may occur at any moment.

Ohio Republicans.

They Meet in State Convention at Columbus.

THE DELEGATES ALL PRESENT.

Congressman Cooper, of Mount Vernon, Made Temporary Chairman—In His Address He Practically Outlines the Policy of the Platform Which is to be Adopted.

COLUMBUS, O., June 26.—The Republican state convention of Ohio met at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Metropolitan opera house. The preliminary organization was effected and the committees on resolutions, credentials and other routine branches of the work of organization were chosen. The delegates, 828 in number, were all present.

Congressman W. C. Cooper, of Mount Vernon, was made temporary chairman of the convention. He made a speech upon taking the chair, which is in the nature of a key-note for campaign utterances. Col. Cooper praised President Harrison and his administration very heartily and said of him: "The president is a wise statesman, a brave soldier, a pure patriot, an honest man, who in all his outgoings and incomings is a model American citizen; a man too great to be dominated by any other, or to offensively assert his own power."

This was a delicate point, and the Blaine men in the convention were not as hasty in their cheers as they were a few moments later, when Col. Cooper said: "At the head of the state department, we rejoice to see the peerless, princely Republican leader, who stands by unchallenged, right in the front rank of the earth's statesmen, thoroughly familiar with all our foreign affairs, under his management all our interests abroad will be properly cared for and protected, and the rights of every American citizen recognized and respected the round earth over."

The leading spirits of the committee on resolutions say that Chairman Cooper's speech practically outlines the platform. The practical politicians in the convention are working up a good deal of opposition to the civil service reform law, and there will be a strong effort to strike out of the platform the clause endorsing it.

Congressman William McKinley, Jr., has a resolution endorsing the law, which will be submitted to the committee on resolutions. Chairman Cooper said in his speech on this point. "The civil service law will now be honestly observed, for while it is true that there is much complaint of it, yet neither upon this or any other issue will the Republican party make a backward step. We pledged ourselves in our National platform to the enforcement of this law, and we will keep this pledge."

These remarks were received with a degree of mingled silence and impatience, which indicates that the opposition to a resolution endorsing civil service reform will be very strong.

The whole interest in the convention clusters about the gubernatorial nomination. Governor Foraker said two months ago that he would not be a candidate for another nomination. Seven candidates at once leaped into the field, the leading one being Congressman R. P. Kennedy, who was beaten for the nomination by Foraker four years ago. Kennedy has made a great effort to gain enough delegates to insure his nomination.

The anti-Foraker men like Congressmen Ben. Butterworth, A. C. Thompson, C. H. Grosvenor, William McKinley and Hon. Mark Hanna, of Cleveland, have lent what aid they could to Gen. Kennedy, but he began his canvass by antagonizing Foraker, and so fired the slumbering flames of devotion to the governor, and the consequence is that Foraker's friends have come to the convention declaring that he shall be nominated.

It is estimated that about 500 of the delegates, or nearly three-fourths will be for Foraker after they have cast a complimentary vote for local candidates.

There is also an effort to arrange a boom for Hon. William McKinley. It is proposed to place him before the convention to block the Foraker movement. Maj. McKinley says he will not be a candidate under any circumstances, and Congressman Grosvenor, his friend, and one of Foraker's bitterest enemies said: "McKinley has his eye on one office, that is the speakership of the next house, and he cannot be diverted from his purpose."

The anti-Foraker men will try to unite on some other candidate. Ben. Butterworth said last night that if Foraker was nominated he would go to Dakota during the campaign.

The mention of McKinley's name by the temporary chairman provoked tumultuous applause, and has greatly alarmed the Foraker boomers. The delegates are more at sea than they have been at any time. If Foraker is nominated a pledge will be extracted from him to refrain from becoming a candidate for the senate of the United States.

Ex-Governor Foster is at present the favorite candidate among the delegates for the senate. The senatorial question has a good deal of bearing on the gubernatorial contest in the convention.

The convention adjourned at 6 o'clock until 10 o'clock to-day.

Selecting the Battle Grounds.

NEW ORLEANS, June 26.—Messrs Harding, Stevenson and Donovan, the New Yorkers, who are to select the Sullivan-Kilrain battle ground, inspected several places yesterday under the guidance of a committee of New Orleans sporting men. They seemed much pleased with Hovey island, in the Pearl river, twenty-four miles from here, but have not yet made a final selection.

EXECUTION BY ELECTRICITY.

Prominent Lawyers Argue the Constitutionality of the Law.

AUBURN, N. Y., June 26.—Before County Judge Day yesterday afternoon argument was heard on the application of the convicted murderer Kemmler, of Buffalo, for a writ of habeas corpus, on the ground that execution by electricity is cruel and unusual, and therefore unconstitutional. The array of counsel was large.

For the prisoner Burke Cockran made a long and eloquent argument to show that electricity does not necessarily produce death, going deeply into the tortures that might result from its use.

Attorney General Tabor responded at length, learnedly maintaining the constitutionality of the law. At the conclusion of the argument Judge Day made an order in pursuance of the request of the defense, appointing Tracey B. Becker, of Buffalo, a referee to take evidence as to the result of electricity and report July 30, to which time an adjournment was taken.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Minor Events and Little Happenings at Various Places.

The Indiana miners' strike is nearly ended.

A 3-year-old boy was drowned in a cistern at Columbia City, Ind.

A flurry in oil at Pittsburg forces Broker I. N. Richards to the wall.

Russell Harrison is going to Europe to represent his paper at the Paris exposition.

Indiana supreme court has sustained the law permitting an increase of liquor license fees from $100 to $250.

The colored people of Memphis have determined to break up the illegal cohabitation of white men with colored women.

Samuel Lieberman, a former Cincinnati barber, committed suicide at Chattanooga by taking chloroform and morphine.

George McCann, awaiting trial at Philadelphia for the murder of his wife, commits suicide by hanging himself in his cell.

Charles Tucker shot and killed at Birmingham, Ala., by Joseph Courtney, who found him undressed in Mrs. Courtney's sleeping apartments.

John Warflinger, a Cincinnati saloon keeper, convicted by a police court jury "drawn from the wheel" for violation of the Owen Sunday closing law.

Portsmouth, O., has entertained the Ohio district conference of the Evangelical church, and now that it has adjourned will go right back to her usual wild and sinful ways.

Mrs. W. J. White, confined in Hamilton county jail for refusing to disclose the whereabouts of a child claimed by her and a Miss Scanlon, is released by order of the circuit court.

The Nipsic, the sole survivor of the American fleet at Samoa after the hurricane, has started for San Francisco, under convoy of the Alert. She comes direct from Samoa, and will not stop at Auckland, but will touch at Honolulu. Temporary repairs were made before the start, which, it is believed, have made the vessel seaworthy enough to undertake the voyage, which, under favorable circumstances, should be made in thirty or forty days.

The British-American association, of Buffalo, has passed resolutions protesting against the appointment of Patrick Egan as minister to Chili because of his conduct being under investigation by British justices. They say that his appointment would indicate that no other person was capable to represent the United States, and stigmatize him as a fugitive from British justice.

Base Ball.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 7, Cincinnati 3.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 2, Columbus 4
At Philadelphia—Athletics 7, Baltimore 8.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 6, Boston 4.
At Chicago—Chicago 8, New York 12.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg 7, Washington 4.
At Cleveland—Cleveland 8, Philadelphia 6.

Ten Days to Leave the Country.

NEW YORK, June 26. Ignatz Reintz, the Maiden Lane tobacconist, who was brought here from Queenstown on extradition proceedings two months ago, has been released from Ludlow street jail on order of Judge Brown, of the United States circuit court. He was acquitted of the charge of forgery, and arrested in a civil suit, and again released. He was given ten days in which to leave the country.

Jumped From a Bluff.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 27.—Monday afternoon C. P. Brown, traveling representative of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine company, with headquarters at Atlanta, Ga., committed suicide by jumping off a bluff into the Alabama river. He had been on a spree for two weeks. He was 30 years of age and unmarried. The body was recovered and embalmed, and is held awaiting the arrival of the dead man's brother from New Orleans.

Drowned Cattle.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., June 26.—Capt. Carlson, of the schooner Annie C. Hall, from the banks report that during the past two weeks large numbers of cattle were seen floating east of Sable Island, and several in the vicinity of Cape Sable.

Eggs Cooked in Butter.

NEW YORK, June 26.—A fire this morning in the building at 237 Washington street, occupied by A. G. Reed, dealer in butter and eggs, caused a loss of $20,000. Fully insured.

Prize Fight Postponed.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 26. The fight between Johnny Griffin and Tommy Warren has been postponed to July 12 on account of injuries received by Warren while exercising.

More Wreckage Washed Ashore.

NANTUCKET, Mass., June 26.—English electric incandescent lamps and two cattle have been washed ashore on the west side of Nantucket. They are thought to be from the steamship Victoria.

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Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St. N. Y.

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STARS AND STRIPES INSULTED.

An Intoxicated Haytian Admiral and Crew Make a Serious Mistake.

NEW YORK, June 26. Private advices have reached merchants here informing them of another Haytian attempt upon our merchant marine. This time Legitime's admiral, commanding the war ship Belize, seized the American steamer Ozama, of the Clyde line, as that vessel was entering the harbor of Gonaives.

Capt. Brockwell and the passengers and crew were subjected to the grossest insults, and the vessel was searched for arms. Then the dusky waterwaymen hauled down the stars and stripes and trampled upon them and run up the Haytian colors and indulged in the wildest kind of an orgie to celebrate their capture.

There was a goodly amount of liquor on board the Ozama at the time of the seizure, and the Haytians started in to dispose of it. In the midst of their wild fun the United States war ship Ossipee suddenly hove in sight. The sight of the American guns peeping through their peep-holes seared the Haytians, and their admiral cast off from his prize and attempted to put out to sea. The Ossipee started in pursuit and soon overhauled the Belize.

The Haytian admiral was profuse in his apology; the crew of the Ozama, delighted with their rescue, gave three cheers for the man-of-war. A report of the outrage upon the stars and stripes has been forwarded to the state department at Washington.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for June 25.

NEW YORK.—Money 2½ per cent. Exchange steady; governments steady. Currency sixes, 118 bid; four coupons, 120¾ bid; four-and-a-halfs, 109¾ bid.

The stock market opened dull and weak, and on selling by traders, prices declined ¼ to ¾ per cent. About 11 a. m. the list became strong under the lead of New England and the coalers, and the decline was recovered and prices soon showed an improvement of ¼ to 1 per cent, over opening quotations. The trusts were again the features, sugar opening at 124, and on realizations the price declined 5¼ to 117¾, and then recovered to 121. Lead opened active at an advance of 1 per cent., at 34½, and then advanced to 35, after which it sold off to 33⅝ and is now selling at 34¼.

Bur. & Quincy	72	Michigan Cent.	93¾
Central Pacific	35	Missouri Pacific	75¾
C., C., C. & I.	72	N. Y. Central	108⅞
Del. & Hudson	134	Northwestern	110
Del., Lack. & W	140⅜	O. T. & Miss	22½
Illinois Central	112	Pacific Mail	35½
Lake Shore	106	St. Paul	75¾
Louisville & Nash	50¼	Western Union	78⅝

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—74@83c.
CORN—31@36c.
WOOL—Unwashed, fine merino, 18@19c; one fourth blood combing, 25@26c; medium clothing and clothing, 21@26c; braid, 18@20c; medium combing, 25@27c; fleece washed, fine merino X and XX, 29@32c; medium clothing, 30@33c; delaine fleece, 36@38c.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, $13 00; No. 2, $8 00; prairie, $7 50@8 00; wheat, oats and rye straw, $5 00@8 00.
CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, $3 50@3 90; fair, $2 85@3 40; common, $1 75@2 75; stockers and feeders, $2 25@3 75; yearlings and calves, $2 50@3 50.
HOGS—Selects, $4 45@4 50; fair to good packing, $4 35@4 45; fair to good light, $4 45@4 55; common, $4 25@4 40.
SHEEP—Common to fair, $3 00@3 75; good to choice, $4 00@4 50.
LAMBS—$4 50@6 00.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, $4 25; fair to good, $3 80@4 20; common to fair, $3 50@3 75.
HOGS—Philadelphias, $4 50@4 60; mixed, $4 50@4 60; Yorkers, $4 50@4 60.
SHEEP—Prime, $4 40@4 50; fair to good, $4 00@4 25; common, $3 50@3 90; yearlings, $5 50@5 90.
LAMBS—$5 00@7 00.

Chicago.

HOGS—Fair to good, $4 30@4 50; mixed packing, $4 25@4 40; heavy to choice, $4 25@4 35.
CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, $3 50@4 15; mixed, $3 50@3 90; stockers and feeders, $2 30@3 00.
SHEEP—Common to choice, $3 00@4 75.
LAMBS—$4 25@5 75.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 2 state red, 86½c; No. 2 red winter, July 84½c.
CORN—Mixed, 43c.
OATS—No. 2 white, 28½c; No. 2 mixed, July, 28½c.
CATTLE—$2 00@4 75 per 100 pounds, live weight.

Toledo.

WHEAT—Active; cash, 87@88½c; July 77½c.
CORN—Quiet; cash, 36c.
OATS—Steady; May, 24½c.
CLOVER SEED—Cash, $4 60.

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WEDNESDAY, - - - JUNE 26.

It may be incidentally remarked that the Republican State convention is being held during Democratic weather. This may be significant.

Col. Cooper made quite an eloquent speech before the Republican convention Tuesday. The Colonel knows a thing or two, and has not fully concluded to retire from public life.

Detroit society ladies are very much excited, and they are somewhat justified. Clara Ellis, who has long successfully posed as a *dressmaker* for the Bon Ton, has turned out to be a horrid man, of 35 years, who has been masquerading in female attire.

The Solid South must be subdued. The ladies of Cuthbert, Ga., have organized an anti-kissing society. Now, this is not serious in itself, but suppose this southern plan should become contagious? If Gen'l Sherman were president, he would declare war at once.

Some of our exchanges have the Johnstown Paul Revere lost among the innumerable dead, others have him living and happy over his heroic ride. Dead or alive, it does not mar the heroism of the ride, but all ought to agree as to his fate for the information of future poets.

The Akron Telegram has donned a new dress, though not a year old, and is looking charming and better than ever in its new attire. The Telegram is a live paper, full of news and bright editorial, making on the whole a paper that does one's eyes good to see. We wish it unbounded prosperity.

In another column we publish a short communication relative to the Goose Creek controversy, not because we agree with the sentiment, but because the writer thinks the STAR a despicable sheet, yet wants his objections largely circulated and, of course, applies for admission to our columns. We follow the scriptural injunction to return good for evil.

The Enquirer observes, rather laughably, in its convention notes:

Judge Lawrence, of Bellefontaine, and Hon. David Harpster, of Fowler City, attended the convention to get a plank in the platform in favor of a higher wool tariff. They succeeded early in the evening and went to bed happy, and the sheep of Ohio feel better and stronger because the convention did the fair thing by them.

The decision of the Ohio Supreme court which abolishes "preferred creditors" is likely to show its effect on the number of assignments made in the State. Of course, it won't prevent fraudulent assignments, but the fact that it gives the unsuspecting creditors an equal show with the sharks, tends to destroy the money making feature of the assignment business.

America's women lose one the truest models in womanhood in the death of Mrs. R. B. Hayes. She has occupied the highest station in life possible to American women, yet never varied from her simple, frugal way of living, and was proof against the frivolities of fashion. Her manner of entertaining at her late Fremont home is famous throughout the land for its simplicity and enjoyment.

RENOMINATED.

Foraker Receives the Nomination for Governor on the Second Ballot.

Special to DAILY STAR.]

COLUMBUS, June 26, 3 p.m.—Gov. J. B. Foraker was renominated this afternoon on the second ballot.

So far as his renomination goes the Republican convention has done nothing to surprise the majority of Ohioans in placing the brilliant and popular young governor at the head of the ticket for a third term.

12th Annual Bee Line Excursion.

At the urgent request of quite a number regular patrons, the Bee Line and Big Four will arrange for one of their popular, personally conducted Excursions to Kansas, Colorado, Salt Lake, Rocky Mountains and Pacific Coast, under the management of the experienced excursion agent, Mr. D. Jay Colliver. In order to accommodate all and give ample time to prepare for a visit to the far west, Tuesday, July 23rd, has been selected as the date leaving Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus, Dayton, Springfield and Indianapolis. Bee Line agents at each point named, will be provided with full instructions and can give full information regarding rates, routes, etc. Address them or D. Jay Colliver, Bee Line Pass. Ag't, 173 Superior street, Cleveland, O.

NOTE.—Ask any of our former patrons how the Bee Line takes care of their excursionists.

Fourth of July.

The general excursion arrangement on the C., C., C. and I. railroad for July 4th, 1889, to and from all stations, are as follows: All persons presenting full fare one way local tickets purchased and dated July 3d or 4th, will be permitted to return on the same, without extra charge, until the 5th inclusive. For full information as to time of trains, etc., call on E. A. Donbaugh, agent, Marion.

Fourth of July Excursion Rates.

On July 3d and 4th, the C. H. V. and T. railway will sell local excursion tickets to all points on its lines at one fare for the *round trip; children over 5 and under 12* years of age, one half the adult rate. Tickets good returning until July 5th.

For Sale.

Four lots left in Durfee & Hummer's addition. Also house and lot on Bain avenue. See Bright Durfee, office with Scofield & Scofield. 183w2

Hypnotic Sleep.

An interesting case of changing natural into hypnotic sleep has been contributed by the Amsterdam physician, Dr. Rentorghem, to The Tydschrift voor Geneeskunde. "Some days ago," he writes, "I traveled together in a railway carriage with a friend whom I had cured of rheumatism by hypnotic suggestion. He fell asleep in the corner of the carriage, and I passed my hand three times over his leg exactly as I had done when treating him by hypnotism. Then I put his arm in a horizontal position, in which it remained without movement, and whispered to him that he must continue to sleep till we reached our destination, when I expected him to hand over to me the five gulden he owed me at the dinner table, and with a proper apology. The sleeper nodded and promised to do everything he was told. As soon as the train stopped he awoke, and when we were sitting at the table he handed the money over to me, with many apologies. The case shows that by merely passing the hand over the knee which was formerly diseased, the patient had fallen into that peculiar sleep which hitherto has only been brought on by looking fixedly at a patient, by addressing him and by shutting his eyelids."

George Washington at Home.

From The Middlesex Gazette of July 25, 1780 is taken the following relating to Washington and his home at Mt. Vernon, Va.:

Gen. Washington possesses 10,000 acres of land in one body, where he lives—constantly employs 250 hands—keeps twenty-four plows going all the year, when the weather will permit—sowed in 1787 600 bushels of oats, 700 acres of wheat, and prepared as much for corn, barley, potatoes, peas, beans, etc.—has near 500 acres in grass and sowed 150 with turnips. Stock, 110 horses, 112 cows, 235 working oxen, heifers and steers, and 500 sheep.

The lands about his seat are all laid down in grass. The farms are scattered round at the distance of two, three, four or five miles, which the general visits every day—unless the weather is absolutely stormy.

He is constantly making various and extensive experiments for the improvement of agriculture. He is stimulated with the desire which always actuates him—to do good to his country and benefit to mankind.

In 1786 he killed 150 hogs, weighing 18,560 pounds, for his family's use (exclusive of provisions for his negroes), which was made into bacon.

Editorial Courtesy.

Mrs. Quillpen—Dearest, have you replied to the invitation to Mrs. Bloodgood's reception?

Mr. Quillpen—No; she didn't inclose a stamp.—Burlington Free Press.

DAUGHTERS OF EVE.

Queen Maria Pia, of Portugal, is a skillful billiard player.

The queen of England makes her own tea when traveling.

Mrs. Oscar Wilde is one of the most popular women orators in England.

Sir Charles Russell's sister was the first Sister of Mercy in California.

Princess Metternich is revisiting Paris, and much attention is paid to her.

Amelie Rives-Chanler goes to Paris in the autumn to enter an art school.

Kate Greenaway has been elected a member of the Royal Institute of Painters in Water Colors.

Mrs. Mary J. Holmes, the American novelist, is in Italy, where she is gathering materials for a new story.

It is said that the new Duchess of Portland had a very economical trousseau. As she is six feet tall this may have been necessary.

Mrs. Hastings, wife of Adjt. Gen. Hastings, of Pennsylvania, took an eighty-eight mile drive to reach her husband in Johnstown.

Mme. Pierre Sempe is commissioned to paint a portrait of the late M. Rameau, mayor of Versailles. Seven artists competed for the commission.

Mrs. Smith, who teaches laundry work at Forsyth college, England, also writes novels, contributes original recipes to Truth and is her own dressmaker.

Five hundred women in Tokio and Yokohama have subscribed to a fund for the purchase of a handsome Bible to be presented to the empress of Japan.

Fourteen thousand girls are attending the London school board cookery centers. Still further facilities for increasing this number are now being made.

The new lecturer on pathology just appointed at the University of Bologna—the oldest university in the world—is a woman, Dr. Giuseppina Cattani.

Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague is writing a biography of her father, Chief Justice Salmon P. Chase. She also intends to publish a volume of personal memoirs.

Miss Dallas Yorke had her wedding gown made by a woman who has done most of her sewing since her childhood, and all her wardrobe was prepared on an economical scale.

Miss Juliet Corson, the well known teacher of cooking, is a hopeless invalid, and writes with a portable desk fastened before her. She is confined to her bed much of the time.

The Princess of Wales appeared at Sandown races all in one color, hat, boots, gloves, gown, and with a straight skirt, falling without sleed pad, puff, ruffle or furbelow to her feet.

Princess Eugenie Esterhazy of Austria is dead. She was a sister of Archduchess Isabella and was a leading beauty. It is stated that she died of grief for the late Crown Prince Rudolph.

Two of the largest individual owners of sheep and cattle live in Texas and are women. One of them, the Widow Callahan, owns about 50,000 sheep. The other, Mrs. Rogers, is worth $1,000,000.

The late Mrs. S. Beckett, of Torquay, England, bequeathed six paintings by Murillo, Hogarth, Rubens, Greuze, Cuyp and Ruysdael, valued at more than $300,000, as a legacy to her country.

Mrs. Spurgeon, the wife of the noted Baptist preacher, is a confirmed invalid, and has been for many years. Yet she is the founder of two important charities in London—the book fund and the pastor's aid fund.

A prominent Turkish official in Constantinople laments the spread of Christianity among the women of Turkey on the ground that it will soon lead the Turkish ladies to dress as immodestly as Christian ladies.

Miss Fair, the daughter of James G. Fair, the millionaire ex-senator, is said to be engaged to an assistant surgeon in the navy, whose fortunes are limited to his pay. Miss Fair is worth $4,000,000. She is very beautiful, with a cold, statuesque face, almost devoid of expression.

Among the earliest and most enthusiastic lady photographers in this country is Miss Alice M. Longfellow, the daughter of the poet. She began using the camera more than a dozen years ago, and her collection of views contains many from the vicinity of Boston and along the coasts of Massachusetts and Maine.

Mrs. Henry B. Flanner, of Cleveland, has given to Marietta college, of Ohio, a fine herbarium of 15,000 specimens, gathered and arranged by herself and her late husband. The collection was chiefly made in the Ohio valley, Missouri, Georgia, Michigan and the upper Mississippi region, and was enlarged by exchanges with botanists in all parts of the world.

Mrs. John A. Logan's proposal to start a post graduate school for young women, at which practical instruction in the line of housekeeping, cooking and the art of entertaining and making home attractive will be the main features, has met with a gratifying response, and it is said that the school will be opened in New York or Chicago upon her return from Europe.

One of the few female architects of the world is Miss Laura White, who is practicing her profession in Ashland, Ky. She was graduated in architecture at Michigan university, and then studied in Paris. She was noted in Michigan as a mathematician, and was the first student at Ann Arbor to solve a problem that had been sent over by one of the great English universities.

A traveler, recently returned from Turkey, says that the dress of the ladies of Constantinople has become so much like that of their "infidel" sisters that a wife of the sultan would attract very little attention in an American street. The "feridje," the large shrouding mantle, is shaped almost like a dolman, and its flap at the back has diminished to a collar, which is fastened by a knot of ribbons in front and is sometimes trimmed with lace. The "yasmak," or veil, is very thin, and long gloves are worn.

CULINARY MAXIMS.

Beauty will buy no beef.

A good stomach is the best sauce.

Inquire not what is in another's pot.

Better half an egg than an empty shell.

Better some of the pudding than no pie.

He that dines and leaves lays the cloth twice.

Make not your sauce till you have caught your fish.

He fasts enough whose wife scolds at dinner time.

He who depends on another dines ill and sups worse.

He deserves not the sweet who will not taste of the sour.

He who would have hare for breakfast must hunt overnight.

When a man cannot have what he loves, he must love what he has.

Healed vanity and a warmed up dinner are never worth much.—"Lucullus" in Table Talk.

CURIOUS THINGS OF LIFE.

"The piano taught moderato" is a sign on a house in London.

Paola, Kan., has rented its city park to a carpet renovator.

A dog down in Piedmont, W. Va., has two tails, and he wags them in different directions.

One shot from Elias Miller, of Manheim, York county, Pa., brought down forty sparrows.

There is a man in Hart county, Ga., who spells his entire name with two letters, Bob Bobo.

A three legged alligator was shot near Albany, Ga. There was no trace whatever of a fourth leg.

Under the laws of China the adult who loses his temper in a discussion is sent to jail for five days to cool off.

A mare at Pleasant Valley, Cal., has adopted a calf two months old and cares for it as if it were her own progeny.

An advertisement in The London Times offers to cure nervousness and timidity in bashful young men "who design making proposals of marriage."

A cottage window on the grounds of a mining company near Kingston, Colo., displays this inscription: "Wanted—a wife. Apply within; nobody barred."

In a house near Hagerstown, Md., destroyed by the cyclone was a sleeping infant, who was found, when the blow was over, half a mile off and not injured.

Ella Connor, of Lititz, Pa., aged 9 years, has been sneezing for more than a week at intervals of a few seconds, save when she slept. The doctor calls it nervous prostration.

The Bucksport, Me., Clipper reports that a cat is sitting on a dozen eggs which a hen had deserted. The necessary motive is alleged that the feline is planning for a feast of chickens.

Judge Wray, of Walton Springs, Greene county, Ga., keeps a horse saddled and bridled to answer the calls of couples bent on matrimony. There is an epidemic of marriages in that county now.

A Baltimore paper speaks of the mysterious disappearance of a citizen as follows: "As he was last seen in a feed store with eight dollars in cash in his hand it is feared he has been foully dealt with."

The proprietor of a German watering place, desirous of catching English custom, in his advertisement "beseeches note an excellent station for friends of the flashport, ships and a riding room in the house."

A Florida colored man narrowly escaped being bitten by a rattlesnake. He fired his gun at the reptile and it kicked him into the Ochlochnee river. He could not swim, but was pulled out by a passing teamster. The snake escaped death.

John Swift, a Connecticut man, lived to the age of 88 without being sick one hour in his whole life. He never had mumps, measles, headache nor toothache, and when he died it was more because a tree fell on him than from any fault of his.

A broom factory man in Duluth laid off his thirteen single men and informed each one that he could not return to work until he was married. Eleven of them married within a fortnight, and inside of six weeks there were five applications for divorce.

The death of a wealthy and eccentric old man at Tyler, Tex., has brought to light a remarkable will. The old man had no relations and, in his last will and testament, he directs all his property to be divided equally among all persons living in the southern states who were born on his birthday, March 9, 1825.

A Mr. Redfowl, of Morgantown, W. Va., has a dog that is trained to act as cash boy, and with a written order and the money in his mouth, he will do the marketing properly, his only fault being that if he meets another dog he will swallow the money to have a fight. Mr. Redfowl has lost $7.50 in this manner.

Mr. and Mrs. Lair, of Kentucky, have seven sons. Mr. Lair is 6 feet 2 inches tall and Mrs. Lair is 6 feet 3 inches. The largest son is 6 feet 8 inches; the smallest is 6 feet 5 inches. Of the others, two are 6 feet 6½ inches, two are 6 feet 6¾ inches, and one 6 feet 7 inches. It requires a good strong derrick to remove their "fares and penates."

Thirty years ago the Thomas Dickason, a New Bedford whaling ship, was lost in the Ochotsk sea. Last summer the bark Cape Horn Pigeon took a whale in the same sea, and imbedded in the blubber was the iron of a harpoon, with the words "Thomas Dickason" stamped on it. It was as bright and sharp as when it was first struck into the whale, at least thirty years ago.

THE LATEST IN JEWELS.

A bonnet pin of a fanciful order is a filigree gold hollow ball.

Silver vinaigrettes of recent manufacture simulate small bananas.

Pearl studded harps are seen topping some double pronged gold hair pins.

A brace of pigeons in oxidized silver is numbered among lace pin novelties.

Open roses in enamel, with diamond hearts, are now being made up in ear screws.

A ring with scroll shank and a ruby and diamond diagonal setting is much admired.

Many ladies look with favor upon double pronged combs with arabesque tops in gold.

Jewelers are making a point in their displays of some exquisitely chased gold thimbles.

Gold wire bracelets, mounted on which are pearl horseshoes, are attractive in their simplicity.

Tortoise shell side combs have turquois headings, which are in turn topped by semi circles of pearls.

Among quaint conceptions in salt dishes is a tiny wheelbarrow driven by Cupid, all in oxidized silver.

Cunning little gold handled knives with diamond ornamentation are queen chain pendants in demand at present.

Necklaces of pearls, with diamond pendants, are again taken to, and with a vim unknown even in their former glory.

The Shakespeare bangle bracelets, first mentioned in these columns, are creating quite a furore among scholastic lovers.

Diminutive morocco covered Saratogas disclose upon opening two cut glass inkstands with silver tops and a brush pen wiper.

A polished silver anchor, acting as a resting place for a marine holding on high a cup, is an eccentric device in paper weights.

Rich looking cuff buttons are of white enamel, through which run irregular streaks of blue, a diamond occupying the center of the button.

An open gold circle set with rubies, two opals forming the ends, has two bars running across in buckle fashion, and is a brooch of recent origin.

Filigree gold bands crossing and recrossing in a circle, around the circumference of which are tiny pearls, compose an artistic style of brooch.

A pretty brooch design that will be appreciated consists of a Roman gold lover's knot. A pearl set horseshoe is slipped through each loop of the love.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

Some Noted Widows of the American Metropolis.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, June 24.—Among the things of which New York people talk are the famous widows, and every bit of news that can be gleaned about them is eagerly and rapidly disseminated. Sometimes the gossip is ill natured, but more often it is from a laudable desire to afford information about such distinguished people.

Everybody would like to know how Mrs. Vanderbilt passes her time since the sudden death of her husband, the two hundred millionaire, whether she cries all the time or whether she neglects to put flowers on his grave. And the craving for sensation is so great that few would care to know the truth, that she conducts herself quietly, simply and unostentatiously, not parading her grief nor yet forgetting, for there is no doubt that she loved her husband with a sincere affection, even though he was the richest man in America.

MRS. GRANT. MRS. LESLIE. MRS. CUSTER.

She lives in her palatial home and is nearly always surrounded by her grandchildren, whom she almost worships. She is very charitable in her simple, practical way, and there passes scarcely a day which does not find her in the midst of a group of young and old women, whom she teaches to sew and cut out dresses, and thereby learn a trade that will be of service to them. Mrs. Vanderbilt furnishes the cloth and other things they need to sew with, and each receives the garment she makes for herself. Mrs. Vanderbilt's labor is really harder than that of any one of those who are learning.

This same lady may also be seen at the rooms of the Flower and Fruit mission once a week, where she ties up little bouquets, unpacks boxes and makes up baskets of fruit and jellies to be sent to the sick and destitute.

Mrs. Vanderbilt is a plain faced woman, and probably never aspired to be considered beautiful, but her face is a good one and pleases by its simple kindliness. She goes little into society now, and may be seen at church regularly every Sunday, dressed in her widow's weeds.

Mrs. Gen. Grant lives in a very retired manner, and is really very little talked of. She has a cold and unsympathetic face and manner, and there are few people who really love her; but she is a sterling, good woman. Every day, when the weather makes it possible, she makes her pilgrimage to Riverside park and spends a few minutes at least by the side of the steel coffin which incloses the body of her husband. Her time is given to her family and her regrets for her dead. She is not devoted to charities, though it is said that she has a kind heart for the sorrows of the poor, and has several poor families to whom she is very generous.

Mrs. Custer is another of the notable widows, and her pure, sweet face and gentle manner have endeared her to all with whom she comes in contact. Mrs. Custer lives quietly and works hard on her books, going over and over her pages with an extreme care. She is absorbed in these labors, which serve to keep her so clearly in presence of her great loss that it is as present and fresh today as years ago. The tenderness and beauty of Mrs. Custer's character are so great that every person who meets her succumbs at once to her gentle, womanly charm. She also takes some interest in decorative art as a means of livelihood and has instructed many young women free, until now they are self supporting.

Mrs. Robert L. Stuart is the widow of a very rich man, who left his entire wealth—some $10,000,000—to her, and her influence in New York is widespread and beneficent, and yet few people know her. She is of a very religious turn and cares little for art or literature, music or society, and probably never saw the inside of a theatre; but the poor and afflicted know her bounties, if not herself. She keeps a person whose sole occupation it is to visit the different police courts and give bail for any deserving person whose detention would be a hardship until proved guilty, and often pays their fines when the offense is light. This lady has now been a widow many years, and is a sweet, simple, retiring woman of the noblest type, quiet and self sacrificing. She does more genuine good than the world dreams of; but then she does not do it for the world to know or herald.

Mrs. Paran Stevens is another wealthy widow, chiefly remarkable for the beauty of her shoulders, the magnificence of her receptions, the splendor of her wardrobe, the value of her jewels, and the fact that she somehow manages to entertain all the "nobility," or nearly all, who visit our shores. She has been a widow many years, and has a heart as generous and sympathetic as she is handsome. She is large and what the French call a belle femme.

Of all the renowned New York widows there is not one who has been so much admired, loved, esteemed, trained, abused and ill judged as the prettiest, brightest, most intelligent and brilliant of them all, Mrs. Frank Leslie. Her life is a romance, wherein all the most incongruous elements have been mingled in the strangest way, wherein poverty and misery have had their part until fought down by the most indomitable will and determination that ever had lodgment in feminine heart, where wealth and luxury have come crowned by honest toil, and where gentle refinement and unusual beauty have always retained their places in the face and manner of the brainiest woman of our times.

Last but not least of the famous widows in New York is the stricken soul who poured out a lifetime of devotion upon Jacob Sharp. Nearly 70 years old, she is still a lovely woman with the pure flame of Christian virtue shining from her still pretty blue eyes, eyes that have shed so many bitter tears in the sunset of her life when all should have been peace. She lives in the house he had newly fitted up for her just before he died, and it is filled with beautiful objects which have a double value to her, as they both labored to make everything homelike and pleasant. So now this good woman has life's burden upon her and strives to lighten it by the helpful aid and sympathy she has for others. She is simple almost to severity in her dress, and gives of her abundance to every person whose wants she knows. It is to be hoped that there is a reward somewhere for her commensurate with her merits and her sorrows. It would need to be a great one.

CATHERINE REISER.

A Healthy Growth.

Acker's Blood Elixir has gained a firm hold on the American people and is acknowledged to be the peer of all other preparation. It is a positive cure for all Blood and Skin Diseases. The medical fraternity indorse and prescribe it. Guaranteed by all druggists. H. C. Holberman & Co.

Ages Ago.

The Ichthyosaurus lived of yore
In the region of Timbuctoo,
When the water was HISSO
And the air was CO2.
—Munsey's Weekly.

A Bargain.

Customer—I like this painting. It is well worth $15.

Clerk—That price includes a nice frame, madam. The frame alone costs $12.—New York Sun.

Cold.

In Greenland 'tis so very cold
That each newspaper Solon,
In almost every line he writes,
Must pause to put the
—Philadelphia Press.

Lesser's Red Clover Pills Cure sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, 25c per Box, 5 Boxes for $1. Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Fove, Druggist.

Guard Against the Grippe.

And always have a bottle of Acker's English Remedy in the house. You cannot tell how soon a Croup may strike your little one, or a cold or cough may fasten itself upon you. One dose is a preventive and a few doses a positive cure. All Throat and Lung troubles yield to its treatment. And the Remedy guaranteed by H. C. Holberman & Co.

A Sweet Girl Graduate.

She had finished at a cooking school.
And when I rashly said,
"Does science lend your thought to rise
As it does the college bred?"

She answered coldly, "Sir, not so;
It helps me to prepare
A genial atmosphere for you
From currents in the air."
—Life.

Expensive.

Commercial Traveler—What a surprise to see you traveling third class, Herr Baron—you, who own a country villa! The Baron (grimly)—You would travel third class too if you owned a villa.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Inspiration.

"Ah! happy thought," the parent said,
And joy stole softly o'er him;
"I'll not go 'hunted' into town."
He turned the boy's bank up-side down.
Then—mighty Cæsar! what a frown,
The boy had been there before him.
—Philadelphia Press.

—Dr. B. Mincer, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich., who is now a resident of Marion, will visit every town in this county. Any one afflicted with weak eyes, or eyes abused by indulgence, should not fail to see him. He can be found at the postoffice will be promptly attended to. Consultation [illegible]

Happiness and Contentment

Cannot go hand in hand if we look on the dark side of every little obstacle. Nothing will so darken life and make a burden as Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure the worst form of Dyspepsia, Constipation and Indigestion, and make life a happiness and pleasure. Sold at 25 and 50 cents by H. C. Holberman & Co.

Not Far Advanced.

Dinguss—Mr. Snip, have you finished that suit of clothes I ordered the other day?

Tailor (well acquainted with Dinguss)—Why, no, Mr. Dinguss. It—it isn't exactly finished yet.

Dinguss—I suppose, then, it is pretty well advanced by this time?

Tailor—Er—no. It's the advance I'm waiting for, Mr. Dinguss.—Chicago Tribune.

A Liberal Bequest.

Landlady—My poor father died ten years ago today.

Sympathetic Boarder—Indeed! What business was he engaged in?

"He was the owner of an extensive dairy."

"Ah! And I suppose that he bequeathed to you the butter you have been using for several months."—Nebraska State Journal.

Lesser's Red Clover Pile Remedy,

is a positive specific for all forms of the disease. Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated, and Protruding Piles—Price 50c. Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Fove, Druggist.

A Child Killer.

Another child killed by the use of opiates given in the form of Soothing syrup. Why mothers give their children such deadly poison is a question when the cross can relieve the child of its painful troubles by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine. Sold by H. C. Holberman & Co.

A Horse Wears Spectacles.

A horse in Detroit wears spectacles. The farmer that owned him having come to the conclusion, from the various symptoms, that the animal was short sighted, got an oculist to fit the necessary measurement, and had a pair of spectacles manufactured for him. They are made to fasten firmly into the head stall so that they do not get out of place. At first the horse appeared startled by this addition to his harness, but he soon got used to his glasses and liked them.—American Druggist.

The Smart Indian Boy

At a meeting held at [illegible] on last "Indian Emancipation [illegible] of the Indian boys in his speech [illegible] whenever we do anything [illegible] don't like he call us [illegible] do anything [illegible] us white man [illegible] is conviction [illegible] smarter than [illegible] put that [illegible] three [illegible] ten [illegible]

A Duty to Yourself.

It is surprising that people will use a common ordinary pill when they can secure a valuable English one for the same money. Dr Acker's English pills are a positive cure for sick-headache and all liver troubles. They are small, sweet, easily taken and do not gripe. Sold by H. C. Holberman & Co.

A Healthy Growth.

Acker's Blood Elixir has gained a firm hold on the American people and is acknowledged to be the peer of all other preparation. It is a positive cure for all Blood and Skin Diseases. The medical fraternity indorse and prescribe it. Guaranteed by all druggists. H. C. Holberman & Co.

Ages Ago.

The Ichthyosaurus lived of yore
In the region of Timbuctoo,
When the water was H2SO4
And the air was CO2.
—Munsey's Weekly.

A Bargain.

Customer—I like this painting. It is well worth $15.

Clerk—That price includes a nice frame, madam. The frame alone costs $12.—New York Sun.

Cold.

In Greenland 'tis so very cold
That each newspaper Solon,
In almost every line he writes,
Must pause to put the ice in.
—Philadelphia Press.

Lesser's Red Clover Pills Cure sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, 25c per Box, 5 Boxes for $1. Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Fove, Druggist.

Guard Against the Grippe.

And always have a bottle of Acker's English Remedy in the house. You cannot tell how soon a Croup may strike your little one, or a cold or cough may fasten itself upon you. One dose is a preventive and a few doses a positive cure. All Throat and Lung troubles yield to its treatment. And the Remedy guaranteed by H. C. Holberman & Co.

A Sweet Girl Graduate.

She had finished at a cooking school.
And when I rashly said,
"Does science lend your thought to rise
As it does the college bred?"

She answered coldly, "Sir, not so;
It helps me to prepare
A genial atmosphere for you
From currents in the air."
—Life.

Expensive.

Commercial Traveler—What a surprise to see you traveling third class, Herr Baron—you, who own a country villa! The Baron (grimly)—You would travel third class too if you owned a villa.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Inspiration.

"Ah! happy thought," the parent said,
And joy stole softly o'er him;
"I'll not go 'hunted' into town."
He turned the boy's bank up-side down.
Then—mighty Cæsar! what a frown,
The boy had been there before him.
—Philadelphia Press.

—Dr. B. Mincer, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich., who is now a resident of Marion, will visit every town in this county. Any one afflicted with weak eyes, or eyes abused by indulgence, should not fail to see him. He can be found at the postoffice will be promptly attended to. Consultation [illegible]

Happiness and Contentment

Cannot go hand in hand if we look on the dark side of every little obstacle. Nothing will so darken life and make a burden as Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure the worst form of Dyspepsia, Constipation and Indigestion, and make life a happiness and pleasure. Sold at 25 and 50 cents by H. C. Holberman & Co.

Not Far Advanced.

Dinguss—Mr. Snip, have you finished that suit of clothes I ordered the other day?

Tailor (well acquainted with Dinguss)—Why, no, Mr. Dinguss. It—it isn't exactly finished yet.

Dinguss—I suppose, then, it is pretty well advanced by this time?

Tailor—Er—no. It's the advance I'm waiting for, Mr. Dinguss.—Chicago Tribune.

A Liberal Bequest.

Landlady—My poor father died ten years ago today.

Sympathetic Boarder—Indeed! What business was he engaged in?

"He was the owner of an extensive dairy."

"Ah! And I suppose that he bequeathed to you the butter you have been using for several months."—Nebraska State Journal.

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OUR

Advice to Everybody

who has a diseased Liver is to at once take proper means to cure it. The function the Liver is designed to perform, and on the regular execution of which depends not only the general health of the body, but the powers of the Stomach, Bowels, Brain, and the whole nervous system, shows its vast and vital importance to human health.

NO HUMAN BEING

can run the risk for a single day of neglecting so important organ, but should promptly get a box of C. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., and according to directions they will cure you speedily and permanently. Around each box is a wrapper giving full description of the symptoms of Diseased Liver. They can be had of druggists.

Beware of COUNTERFEITS made in St. Louis.

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ORY POLISH FOR THE TEETH.

PERFUMES THE BREATH. ASK FOR IT.

WET WEATHER WISDOM.

1st Lady.—Have you bought a new pair of Rubbers?

2d Lady.—Why, no! These are the old ones—dressed with

Wolff's ACME Blacking

It makes them look like new; and my shoes, also dressed with it, hold their polish under the rubber, even should the snow creep in. It saves the leather, and waterproofs it; and my husband says it is just as good for HARNESS as for Shoes.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

THE BEST WHITE SOAP MADE IN AMERICA

MAIL JAS. S. KIRK & CO. CHICAGO

25 WHITE CLOUD FLOATING SOAP

WRAPPERS (LARGE SIZE) AND FINE LACE CURTAINS AND SUMPOONG

AND FREE WORK BOX

AND RECEIVE A HANDSOME ALBUM

Containing Recipes for 12 Delicious Dishes

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MANUFACTURER

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Everybody smokes his make of cigars.

Remington Standard Typewriter,

Unrivaled for SPEED and DURABILITY.
Unequaled for EASE of Operator and QUALITY of work.

FULLY WARRANTED.

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Wyckoff, Seamans and Benedict.
177 W. 4 ST., CINCINNATI, O.

$75.00 to $250.00 A MONTH can be made working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1009 Main St., Richmond Va.

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Gives All of the Latest and Best Telegraphic News.

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Local Time Card.

Following is the time of arrival of and departure of trains at and from the several depots in this city, according to the latest changes.

ERIE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	10.50 a. m.	No. 12	4.30 a. m.
No. 3	9.20 a. m.	No. 4	12.45 p. m.
No. 5	12.34 p. m.	No. 88	2.40 p. m.
No. 7	4.10 p. m.	No. 8	6.10 p. m.

BEE LINE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	4.20 a. m.	No. 8	3.25 a. m.
No. 3	6.25 a. m.	No. 10	8.15 a. m.
No. 5	3.00 p. m.	No. 2	2.27 p. m.
No. 9	11.55 p. m.	No. 6	10.00 p. m.
Local	9.45 a. m.	Local	2.57 p. m.

C., H. V. & T.

NORTH		SOUTH.	
No. 2	12.16 p. m.	No. 2	8.00 a. m.
No. 4	6.07 a. m.	No. 1	1.33 p. m.
No. 6	5.35 p. m.	No. 6	8.35 p. m.

CANDA.

WEST		EAST.	
No. 1	8.00 a. m.	No. 8	5.55 p. m.
No. 3	12.45 p. m.	No. 10	7.30 p. m.
No. 5	11.25 p. m.	No. 12	4.10 a. m.
No. 15	8.35 p. m.	No. 18	11.30 a. m.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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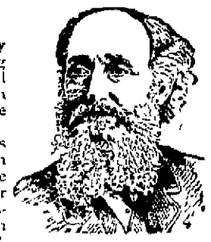
BELL'S SOAPONA, the only genuine washing powder for quick cleaning. A pure do soap in powdered form. Great saving in time and fabric. Cleans everything like magic. No hard work, no rubbing. Do not be deceived. Insist on getting Bell's Soapona—RED PACKAGES —every time. One trial will convince you regarding its wonderful cleansing properties.

BELL'S BUFFALO SOAP—Best Soap Made.

R. W. BELL MFG. CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

President's Proclamation.

SPECIAL.



From day to day [illegible] are being [illegible] with the fell [illegible] which [illegible] daily on the [illegible] the nation has [illegible] time been [illegible] to mourn the [illegible] of many of our [illegible] notably Vice-President [illegible] Sec'y Daniel P. Manning, Gen McClellan, and many others

Now, therefore, I do by virtue of the knowledge possessed by me, proclaim and recommend Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup to be a remedy of great merit, both for Rheumatism and all Blood Diseases,

And further, That this medicine be adopted as a national remedy by all.

Signed by the President.

RHEUMATISM.

I was taken in the [illegible] by a boil on bottle, from which [illegible] poisonous pus. I called a doctor, [illegible] of acute rheumatism. My right [illegible] and arm badly withered, [illegible] hand and arm badly withered, [illegible] was so stiff that there was but little [illegible] About six weeks ago I began [illegible] Rheumatic Syrup with marvelous [illegible] Since then I have left off the use of crutches [illegible] and walk without any aid. To [illegible] to all troubled as I was but poorly expresses [illegible] Rheumatic Syrup.

C. D. DUNO.

Dealer in General Groceries, Jackson, Mich.

C. D. DUNO [illegible] known in this community and [illegible] by the worst wreck physically [illegible] in this country ever saw. He was perfectly helpless, and no one ever expected he would recover. He is well, and it is simply [illegible] FRANK L. SMITH, [illegible] Michigan State Legislature, Jackson, Mich.

INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM.

My daughter Maud had inflammatory rheumatism. Her limbs were badly swollen. She was in terrible agony. She has been taking Rheumatic Syrup and using your Plasters, which has broken it up. The Syrup corrected her indigestion, caused the rheumatic poison from her blood and she is now able to be around the house. We consider Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and Plaster remedies of great merit.

REV. J. PECKHAM,
Pastor First M. E. Church, Fremont, Mich.

Last winter and spring I was a terrible sufferer from the anguish in my left shoulder and arm, suffering the most excruciating pain. Two bottles of Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup cured me. I cheerfully recommend it to all who are suffering with rheumatic difficulty. REV. JAMES BERRY, Medley, Mich

No remedies known so highly endorsed by its home people, in the treatment of Rheumatism and all Blood diseases. Our Medical Pamphlet, treating on Rheumatism and all Blood and Female Diseases, sent free on application.

Rheumatic Syrup Company, Jackson, Mich.

Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup

[illegible] in merit. It is a **Safe Family Medicine,** because it contains no poison or opiates. Children in arms and infirm persons will find it the best medicine and [illegible] they can use. No home should be without it. Always in season, *Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter.* [illegible] from your druggist, send direct to us. [illegible] to $5.00 Plasters 25c

ASURE CURE FOR R[illegible] UMATISM.

It Makes You Hungry

"I have used Paine's Celery Compound and it has had a salutary effect. It invigorates the system and I feel like a new man. It improves the appetite and regulates digestion." J. T. COPELAND, Pilmus, S. C.

Paine's Celery Compound

is a unique tonic and appetizer. Pleasant to the taste and [illegible] and without any injurious effect, it [illegible] and [illegible] parts with health with makes everything taste good. It cures dyspepsia and kindred disorders. Physicians prescribe it. Sold [illegible] at $1.00. Druggists

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

The Best Spring Medicine.

"In the spring of 1887 I was all run down. I would get up in the morning with so tired a feeling, and was so weak that I could hardly get around. I bought a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and before I had taken it a week I felt very much better. I can also fully recommend it to all who need a building up and strengthening medicine." Mrs. E. A. DOW, Burlington, Vt.

DIAMOND DYES *Name and no any other.* Never Fail. Always Sure!

LACTATED FOOD *Nourishes babies perfectly. The Physician's favorite.*

$1,000 Reward!

FOR EVERY CASE OF

Nasal or Post Nasal Catarrh

—THAT—

DR. LIVINGSTON'S

POSITIVE CURE FOR CATARRH

FAILS TO CURE.

Every bottle is guaranteed or money refunded when our rules and instructions are carried out in full. The only catarrh medicine of merit, and the only Company that gives you this chance. This is to show the public that we do not come before the people with a worthless nostrum, but one of merit. Do not let your druggist sell you a bottle unless it has our guarantee on same. For sale by all drug trade. Price, $1.00 Per Bottle. If your druggist does not have it, send $1, and we will pay express charges.

LIVINGSTON MEDICINE CO., ~ DAYTON, OHIO.

ADVERTISE IN THE STAR,

—THE—

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM

—IN—

MARION COUNTY.

SALESMEN WANTED—NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. Permanent positions guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Peculiar advantages to beginners. Stock complete, including many fast selling specialties. OUTFIT FREE. *We guarantee what we advertise.* Write at once to Brown Bros., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y. (This house is reliable.)

FREE by return mail, full descriptive circulars of MOODY'S NEW TAILOR SYSTEM OF DRESS CUTTING. Any lady of ordinary intelligence can easily and quickly learn to cut and make any garment, to any style to any measure for lady or child. Address MOODY & CO., Cincinnati, O.

NO DUST OR DIRT. NO SMOKE OR SMELL.

ENAMELINE STOVE POLISH

GIVES LUSTRE ON STOVES NO BRUSH REQUIRED

A PASTE IN TIN BOX. IT SAVES ½ OF THE WORK

J. L. PRESCOTT & CO., No. Berwick, Me.

A PROMINENT CANADIAN.

Mr. Adam Brown, M. P., the Advocate of Humanity.

[Special Correspondence.]

OTTAWA, June 24.—Any visitor to the Canadian house of commons during its session is sure to be struck by the tall, athletic figure of Mr. Adam Brown, M. P. for the city of Hamilton, and if not one of the chief speakers, certainly one of the most arduous workers amongst the honorable members. It is not, however, only as a private member of parliament that he is known, but on account of his steady, persistent efforts to secure the passage of bills for the further prevention of cruelty to animals.

Adam Brown was born at Edinburgh, Scotland, on the 31 of April, 1826, his father being William Brown, of Milestown, Langholm, Dumfrieshire, and his mother Elizabeth Brown, nee Johnston, of Berwickshire. When the present Canadian standard bearer of humanity was 7 years of age the family migrated, settling in Montreal; but even before this tender age Mr. Brown had attended the celebrated school at Edinburgh presided over by Dr Adams, the learned professor of philology and compiler of Adams' Grammar and author of every student's handbook, "The English Language." At Montreal his education was continued under Dr Edward Black, of St. Paul's church, until his fourteenth year, at which period he was apprenticed to a dry goods house of that city. Having completed his term of indenture, Mr. Brown passed through various positions of trust.

He was one of the original members of the Montreal Athenæum club, a debating society which counted among its members many young men, who have since matured into members of the Dominion parliament, and some of whom have served their country as ministers of the crown. This society met in a hall on Great St. James street, which on open nights was always crowded. Whilst still very young Mr. Brown took an active part in the debates, and in 1848 delivered his inaugural address as president. It was in this school that Mr. Brown acquired those qualities which have since marked him as a strong and fluent speaker, clear, concise and often eloquent.

In Montreal also Mr. Brown was connected with the Mercantile Library association, of which he was vice president at the time of his removal, in 1850, from that city to Hamilton, where he has become a solid business man and where he has been secretary to the board of trade, and also president of the Dominion board, in which he strongly supported the national policy. He was chairman and commissioner of the Hamilton water works, and in that capacity presented the address when his royal highness the Prince of Wales turned on the water for the city. He was president of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce, and the Northern and Pacific Junction railways, as well as a director of the Great Northwestern Telegraph company. In national societies Mr. Brown has also taken a prominent place, having been vice president of the St. Andrew's society. In 1884 he became vice consul for the kingdom of Hawaii. Born a Presbyterian, he became a member of the Church of England, and has been a frequent delegate to the diocesan and provincial synods.

In 1852 Mr. Brown married Miss Maria Z. Evatt, second daughter of the late Capt. Evatt, by whom he has four sons living. Ten years later he, being a widower, married Miss Mary Keogh, eldest daughter of Mr Hanley Keogh, of Shrewsbury, England, from which union there survive three sons and two daughters.

ADAM BROWN.

Before the Dominion board of trade Mr. Brown delivered a masterly, clear and comprehensive speech in favor of the national policy, which afterwards appeared in pamphlet form. His speech at the Conservative convention, held in 1870, in Shaftsbury hall, Toronto, has ever been regarded as one of the most exhaustive and telling utterances on that important occasion. When at the commencement of the American civil war the American government prohibited the importation of live hogs, Mr. Brown was the Hamilton packers' delegate to Washington, and so forcible were his representations that the decree was canceled. In Hamilton he has been known as a public spirited and enterprising man, and many and deep are the debts of gratitude owing to him for his conduct as president of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce line.

A staunch Conservative, used to and fond of public speaking, it was natural that Mr. Brown should in the due course of time aspire to parliamentary honors. His first run was for the local legislature of Ontario, and was unsuccessful, but in 1886, at the general election, he was the unanimous choice of the Conservatives of Hamilton, and was returned by a good majority. Once in parliament Adam Brown was bound to make himself felt. He took a deep and an important interest in the tariff changes in his first year, devoting special attention to iron, and made a speech on the iron interests which excited much attention. This year his celebrated motion for a special committee on the subject of frauds on farmers has done much to attract attention to his name.

Mr. Brown's chief honor, however, lies, and has been won after hard service, like the spurs of a knight of old, in his gallant fight for the birds and beasts. In 1888, and again in 1889, he introduced bills to amend the acts for the prevention of cruelty to animals. Very early in life Mr. Brown learned that the quality of mercy is not strained; and from that time he has lived as one who had realized the words of the poet:

> He prayeth best who loveth best
> All things both great and small,
> For the dear Lord who loveth us,
> He made and loveth all

In 1888 Mr Brown introduced his now celebrated bill for the further prevention of cruelty to animals, the measures of which mainly tended to prohibit trap shooting of pigeons and small birds, but owing to the press of business that session the bill had not been reached when parliament was prorogued. This year he reintroduced the measure, meeting with most strenuous opposition. The bill was defeated on its second reading by a majority of one. On motion, however, it was placed on the orders for the next day, when Mr Brown applied for leave to again reintroduce it. The vote resulted in a tie, the speaker giving his casting vote in favor of Mr. Brown being granted the leave he sought.

This was the first tie that had taken place in the Canadian house of commons in eighteen years. When the act reached the committee it was defeated by a majority of six in a thin house, and on a snatch vote, as the division was called on before the friends of the measure could make their way into the chamber. The various humane societies have passed handsome resolutions congratulating Mr. Brown on the energy and zeal which he has displayed, and it is his intention to bring in his favorite measure again in 1890, when many who have hitherto opposed him have promised their support to the act.

THE GREAT EXPOSITION.

A VIEW THEREOF UNDER THE GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

It Is at All Times a Goodly Place to See Entertaining Things, but It Is Especially Brilliant and Full of Interest at Night.

[Special Correspondence.]

PARIS, June 11.—The exposition as seen by night is replete with interest and attraction. The evening fun at the exhibition may be said to commence long before the illuminations are under way, and to be set going by the double crack of the cannon on the second landing stage of the Eiffel tower, which announces at 6 p. m. an increment of charge at the gates and the fact that the dinner hour is drawing nigh. The exhibition has now taken the place of the Bois de Boulogne as an evening resort. Families, instead of going out for their customary dinner on the grass, take their stock of provisions to the Champ de Mars and spend the whole day there, evening included. They thus avoid paying double fare or more when 6 o'clock comes round, and get more amusement at less cost.

While awaiting, therefore, the hour when the tower and the fountains are illuminated the public give themselves up to the pleasures of al fresco dining all over the Champ de Mars, the chairs and benches being converted into extempore dinner tables. Some seek remote nooks out by the Avenue de Suffren, where they may enjoy themselves in a more quiet way; others climb the rock work beneath or round about the tower, or take possession of the stone steps of a pavilion, while the less bashful deliberately straddle the first stray plank they come across and eat their victuals in full view of those who walk about the grounds. There is little false pride about these sturdy sons of toil, who earn their daily bread, behead kings and queens and overthrow Bastiles.

Those, however, who, like myself, had come unprovided with edibles, had to look out for a restaurant. There is no lack of eating places where a good meal may be had at a fair charge; the difficulty lies rather in making a choice out of the heterogeneous conclave and in getting a seat when a choice has been made. There is, for instance, an Arab restaurant where pungent cooscoosoo may be had, as well as excellent coffee—the genuine stuff—as thick as mucilage and as black as the devil is painted. There is also a Turkish restaurant where kebabs and indiyan pilaki may be relished smoking hot, and where creamy makalebi is brought in at dessert.

There is, again, I am told, an Annamite restaurant, where you may feast on birds' nest soup, boiled bats, fried camel hump, stewed lowwow and such delicacies. But I felt like battening on something less exotic. I eschewed as equally unsuggestive the Hungarian czarda, where genuine beer from the brewery belonging to the freemen of the borough of Pilsen and peppery goulash, the national dish, are to be obtained; also the Russian eating house, with its inevitable pilav and caviar; and even the Dutch beer house, where alluring damsels in pretty lace cuff and gold filigree ornaments smile upon the visitor.

Suddenly the name of Spiers & Pond suggested itself to my bewildered brain. But the question at once rose "To which of the five different places owned by that enterprising firm shall I direct my footsteps?" One is a large grill room in which two large grills with downward flues, exactly like those lately set up in Windsor castle, have been fitted up. This was tempting. Then they have also a temperance room for afternoon teas, a place modeled on the Criterion, an Anglo-American bar; and finally, a restaurant on the first platform of the Eiffel tower. Without further thought I decided upon patronizing the latter. So up I went with a batch of excursionists inside the lift that scales the iron framework of the monster pile.

Although Spiers & Pond have spent $30,000 on their different concessions there can be no doubt that the Eiffel restaurant they own will more than pay the whole expense. I found the rooms crowded with the elite of French and foreign gentlefolk. I had my meal—a cut from the joint and a bottle of old Bordeaux wine, etc.—at a height just ten yards higher than the summit of Notre Dame, plainly visible in the distance. Nor is the outer gallery, round which I took a stroll, too high to render indistinct the various features of the magnificent panorama of buildings, parks and hills which, with the winding river below, surround one on all sides. The sun, as I gazed out on the lovely prospect, was slowly sinking behind the impregnable fortress that crowns Mount Valerian, and flooded the whole western prospect with crimson and gold.

By the time I got down from my lofty belvedere and had a cup of colonial tea at the Ceylon cafe the illuminations had begun. I may here state that the first attempt to draw the public to an international exhibition in the evening was made at Paris in 1867, when some of the buildings on the Champ de Mars were kept open from 6 until 11 p. m. But this effort ended in signal failure, on account of the imperfect lighting obtained by the aid of gas and oil lamps. It was the failure that attended this experiment which decided the authorities not to renew it in 1878.

The lighting of the exhibition by electricity alone is quite a formidable affair. There are no fewer than 170,000 burners of various systems, some of them sun lights, others Jablochkoff candles and a very large number of incandescent lamps for the galleries and pavilions of the Champ de Mars and the Esplanade des Invalides. In the central garden, terraces and facades of the palaces there are 100 large electric lamps. The lawns, shrubberies and gates of the palaces are lit by 6,250 arc lamps like those in the Paris restaurants. The machinery hall is lighted by 266 large and 1,130 small burners, and for the whole exhibition there are over 1,100 large and 10,000 small burners.

The result is unique. Palaces, pavilions and parterres, fountains and statues, cunningly devised architectural effects in green and gold, silver and azure, are brought out in the clear air with an intensity of relief that suggests a dream of Wonderland. Electric lights irradiate the leaves of the laurels, fantastic luminaries glimmer among the trees, while the flower beds and grass plots of the central garden are fringed with long rows of soft white lamps that give to the grounds a fairy like aspect such as has rarely before been seen. The amount of light distributed is equivalent to about one candle for each square foot of space. The grand central dome sparkles like a tiara cinctured with jewels of golden flame, and the twin palaces consecrated to the liberal and the fine arts are uniformly resplendent with rows of unbroken light. The machinery hall literally glares with electricity. If to this be added the illuminations afforded by gas and other means, such as that of the Trocadero palace and gardens; and the Eiffel tower, with its triple girdle of opalescent globes; and the orange colored Venetian lanterns that fill the trees on every official fete; and the illumination of the [illegible]s bridge; and the blaze of Bengal lights that give to the huge tower a hue from [illegible] to monster as red as the flames of pandemonium; and the fireworks on the banks of the Seine—it must be confessed that the spectacle, if once seen, can never be forgotten.

The luminous fountains, which have been produced in Paris for the first time, although well known in England, form one of the greatest attractions at the exhibition. I was admitted the other evening into the small pavilion placed at some distance from the water works, where the apparatus for illuminating the jets is constructed. The divinity who presides over the waters inside this mysterious abode is a little gray bearded Englishman, with a blue embroidered skull cap on his head that gives him the aspect of an astrologer. He glanced mistrustfully at me as I entered, but lapsed into a more gracious mood when he heard the sound of his own vernacular. As the hour had arrived for the outside display he turned off the gas and drew near a piece of furniture which, in the half obscurity of the place, looked like a harmoniphon, or rather like one of those big desks so much the fashion in France during the first empire.

The lid on being raised by him disclosed a dozen or more handles fixed at the top of as many upright levers, furnished with cogs, which levers, on being drawn down from their vertical position, catch in a series of horizontal ratches. Fronting this row of levers, within easy reach of the operator, were to be seen twenty-five electrical buttons, which, under the fingers of our English Neptune, were presently converted into a magic keyboard. On the right hand side was a manometer, while dial plates and electric chimes in various positions complete the apparatus.

The mode of operation is simple enough. Soon as the little gray bearded man, who plays such a conspicuous part in the night's entertainment at the exhibition, had pulled forward three or four of the levers, I caught sight—through the glass partition of the "shanty"—of the effect produced outside on the spectators. Several jets of colorless water spurted up into the air, which were at once converted into a splendid crimson when the operator touched one of the electric buttons. By a similar operation the water works were successively dyed a rich blue, yellow, green, purple, or a combination of those colors when several of the buttons were manipulated simultaneously.

The operator, when through with his display, went on to explain to me that circular chambers in masonry were constructed beneath each basin, the roofs of which were pierced with a number of openings to receive a series of vertical cylinders, each placed below a jet. In each cylinder was arranged a series of thick plates of colored glass, which are made to move to and fro by means of cords connected with the levers he had manipulated; the rays from a very powerful arc lamp were thus directed up the cylinders by means of a parabolic reflector, mirrors and condensers. In this way the light is obliged to traverse one or more thicknesses of colored glass before it reaches the fountain, and thus many combinations of colors and varied effects can be produced.

The stream of water running from the upper to the lower basin at the Trocadero is also illuminated, as well as the jets placed along each side. As it is impossible for the operators in the underground chambers to judge of the effects produced, their manipulations are controlled from the pavilion in which I stood, and kept in electrical communication with the operating rooms. Signals are transmitted so that the combinations of colors and effects can be modified at the option of the little gray bearded Englishman in control. When the broad beam of electric light at the top of the Eiffel tower is brought to bear on the statuary of this fine monumental fountain the effect is truly magnificent.

It is estimated that about 400,000 persons can circulate through the grounds at night time without overcrowding. Many of the shows are great attractions. The children's palace, for instance, is much patronized by the little ones and their no less delighted parents. It is a big pavilion with weird towers and flying streamers in the southwest corner of the Champ de Mars. Jack the Giant Killer and Blue Beard are among the heroes brought forward on the three stages erected inside the building. Almost every conceivable object of juvenile amusement, toys of all kinds, articles of Paris, books, costumes, all the endless things which the precocious taste of the present day demands and commercial ingenuity eagerly supplies, has been collected beneath its roof, wholly for the delectation of the young.

In the garden belonging to the children's palace is a gigantic blue elephant, more than forty feet high, built of hammered sheet iron, by M. Chennevieres, after the manner of the plaster model described by Victor Hugo in "Les Miserables," and which for many years stood on the Place de la Bastille ere the July column was erected on its site. Another establishment much patronized by evening visitors is the Folies Parisiennes cafe concert, where Chatlier, the well known hunchback, sings his comic songs to ever appreciative listeners.

But of all the night attractions at the exhibition the Rue du Caire stands foremost and supreme. Here poor Gerard de Nerval, the French poet, who was so passionately fond of Egypt and the Orient, would have been quite at home. The Rue du Caire, as its name implies, is the reconstitution of a street in old Cairo, and will be found midway between machinery hall and the Avenue de Suffren. It is to be regretted that it is located in such a remote, out of the way corner. The pavilions of Persia, Siam, Morocco, Japan and Egypt cluster round about it. It is full of fantastically shaped houses, with Moorish cafes, concert halls, shops and casinos, where Egyptian dancing girls sing and perform to the thrum thrum of native instruments. The shops are tenanted by 150 Egyptian men and women from the banks of the Nile, who sell goods, trinkets, and all kinds of sweetmeats like those made in their country.

Some of the houses are provided with genuine mouchariables, a kind of bay window in trellis wood work, behind which in Egypt and the east generally the ladies congregate, as they can then see what goes on outside without being themselves seen. The Egyptian ammars, or donkey boys, with each his blue gandoora garment, come and go among the crowd, but the fifty white asses, with which they do a roaring trade in the day time, are stabled at night.

A sort of Japanese village, where scenes from daily life, trades, tortures and executions, are graphically represented by means of life size lay figures, has been opened next door to the Japanese pavilion. Two little girls from Yokohama are seen at the door in their pretty native costumes.

The exhibition closes at night in the following manner: The gates are all shut at half past 10 o'clock p. m., when the cannon on the Eiffel tower is fired at that hour to announce the fact. At a quarter past 11 two drummers beat the tattoo in the gardens, while 200 policemen and fifty municipal guards carrying lanterns, gradually clear the crowd off the grounds towards the Jena bridge, where the only exit is found. By half past 11 the exhibition is empty, and all trespassers found inside after that hour are arrested. Policemen patrol the place all night, and firemen hold themselves in readiness to start at any moment should an alarm be given.

THEODORE STANTON.

LONG LIFE

There is nothing in the world more generally desired than long life, yet the majority of people put off caring for their health—not because they are really careless, but because we live our lives at such a pace we have not time to give the subject sufficient thought until we receive a reminder in the shape of a severe illness.

Then, too, we are constantly bewildered by the various schools of medicine, and the physicians who represent them, and often blunder in our choice of a doctor.

If people only knew that the very best health-keeper, life-preserver, and disease-preventer that has yet been discovered, is simmered down into a concentrated and very palatable form in the shape of New Style Pleasant Taste Vinegar Bitters, they would not hesitate a moment to try it.

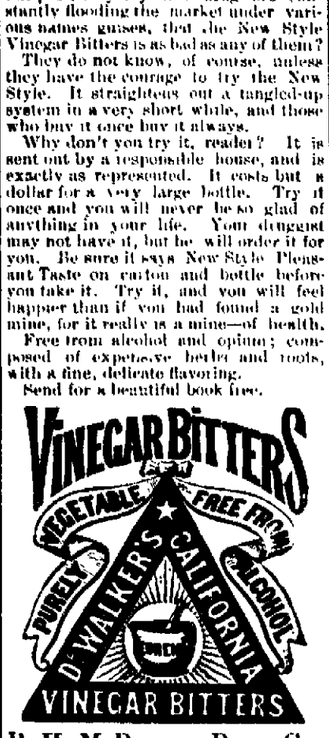
But they do not know. How can they know, when so many not only worthless, but positively injurious drugs are constantly flooding the market under various names guises, that the New Style Vinegar Bitters is as bad as any of them?

They do not know, of course, unless they have the courage to try the New Style. It straightens out a tangled-up system in a very short while, and those who buy it once buy it always.

Why don't you try it, reader? It is sent out by a responsible house, and is exactly as represented. It costs but a dollar for a very large bottle. Try it once and you will never be so glad of anything in your life. Your druggist may not have it, but he will order it for you. Be sure it says New Style Pleasant Taste on carton and bottle before you take it. Try it, and you will feel happier than if you had found a gold mine, for it really is a mine—of health.

Free from alcohol and opium; composed of expensive herbs and roots, with a fine, delicate flavoring.

Send for a beautiful book free.



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IT CURES

Cancers, Humors, Sores, Ulcers, Swellings, Tumors, Abscesses, Blood Poisoning, Salt Rheum, Catarrh, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, and all Blood and Skin Diseases.

Prices, $1 per Flat Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $5. 5 lb. can Solid Extract $9.00

J. M. LOOSE RED CLOVER CO., Detroit, Mich.

For sale by W. B. Foye.

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Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Four Books. Cost $5 in one reading. Mind wandering cured.

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The greatest of all pocket remedies, for hoarseness, loss of voice, Bronchitis, Asthma, and tickling cough. 25 cents.

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With its Pullman Built Equipment, Substantially Constructed Roadway and Low Rates of Fare, Insures a Safe, Speedy and Economical Journey to All Points East and West. Write to your nearest railway agent for the

Attractive Low Rates

Via this line.

TIME TABLE, Taking Effect June 2, 1889.

EASTWARD.

	No. 8.	No. 10.	No. 12	No. 16.
Lv. Chicago	10.00[illegible]	8.45[illegible]	7 30[illegible]	5.35[illegible]
" Archer Avenue	10.10	8.55	7.39	5.45
" Englewood	10.30	9.15	7.50	6.05
" Hammond	11 00	9.45	8.20	6 40
" Crown Point	.....	10 19	8.50	7.15
" Kouts	.....	11.01	.....	7.56
" North Judson	.....	11.31	* 9.57	8.35
" Rochester	1 15[illegible]	12 35[illegible]	11.01	
" Akron	.....	1.03	*11.23	
" Avilon	1 51	1 25	11.48	No. 18
" Bolivar	.....	1 38	.....	
" Huntington	2.10	2 35	12.22[illegible]	5 25[illegible]
" Kingsland	.....	3.19	.....	* 6.15
" Decatur	3 15	3 50	1 19	6 52
" Enterprise	.....	4.26	1.50	7 40
" Spencerville	.....	4 50	2.14	8.24
" Lima	4.35	5 25	2 36	8.53
" Preston	.....	5 55	.....	* 9 40
" Kenton	5 09	6 30	3.25	10.28
Ar. Marion	5.15	7 30	4 10	11.30[illegible]
" New York	5 00	.....	7 00	
" Boston	10 10	.....	12.40[illegible]	

WESTWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 17.
Lv. New York	.....	3 00[illegible]	8 30[illegible]	
" Boston	.....	8.30	3 00[illegible]	
Lv. Marion	8 08[illegible]	11.20	12 55	5.15[illegible]
" Kenton	8.70	12.10[illegible]	1.35	6 30
" Preston	9 17	.....	.....	* 5 14
" Lima	9 45	1 05	2 19	5 55
" Spencerville	10 14	.....	.....	6 40
" Enterprise	10 45	1.50	3 03	7.20
" Decatur	11 26	2 24	3 40	8.30
" Kingsland	11.58	.....	.....	9 03
" Huntington	1 00[illegible]	3.25	4 25	10 00
" Bolivar	1 42	.....	.....	
" Newton	1 54	4 08	4.58	
" Akron	2 22	.....	.....	No. 15
" Rochester	2 48	4 45	5 28	
" North Judson	3 51	.....	.....	5 50[illegible]
" Kouts	4 25	.....	.....	6.22
" Crown Point	5.10	.....	.....	7.11
" Hammond	6 45	7 25	8 00	7 50
" Englewood	6 30	7.55	8.30	8.20
" Archer Avenue	7 00	8 15	8 50	8 40
Ar. Chicago	7 10	8 25	9 00	8 50

Nos 8, 12, 16, 3, 5 and 15 daily. Where time is not shown trains do not stop. Nos. 17 and 18 daily except Sunday. * stop on signal. ‡ p.m 8 a.m.

F. C. DONALD, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.
T. W. BURROWS, Superintendent, Chicago.

Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo R'y

TIME CARD.

Taking Effect May 12th, 1889.

(Central Time.)

NORTH BOUND.

River Division.	No. 3, daily except Sunday.	No. 7, mixed, daily except Sun
Leave Pomeroy	3.30 p m	5.00 a m
" Gallipolis	4 24 p m	6.45 a m
" McArthur Junct.	5.38 p m	9.09 p m
Hocking Valley Division.	**No. 1, daily**	**No. 3, daily**
Leave Athens	7.00 a m	6.05 p m
" Logan	8.25 a m	7.20 p m
" Lancaster	8.58 a m	8.08 p m
Arrive Columbus	10.15 a m	9.25 p m

Toledo Division.	No. 1, daily ex. Sund	No. 5, daily.	No. 9, daily.
Leave Columbus	10.35 a m	4.00 p m	4.30 a m
" Delaware	11.30 a m	4.58 p m	5.21 a m
" Prospect	11.55 a m	5.18 p m	5.45 a m
" MARION	12.16 p m	5.38 p m	6.05 a m
" Up. Sandusky	1.10 p m	6.30 p m	6.55 a m
" Carey	1.30 p m	6.50 p m	7.15 a m
" Fostoria	2.02 p m	7.22 p m	7.49 a m
Arrive Toledo	3.25 p m	8.40 p m	9.00 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

Toledo Division.	No. 6, daily.	No. 2, daily.	No. 4, daily ex. Sund
Leave Toledo	5.30 p m	5.00 a m	10.25 a m
" Fostoria	6.50 p m	6.20 a m	11.52 a m
" Carey	7.20 p m	6.45 a m	12.20 p m
" Up. Sandusky	7.55 p m	7.30 a m	12.55 p m
" MARION	8.35 p m	8.10 a m	1.33 p m
" Prospect	8.57 p m	8.32 a m	1.54 p m
" Delaware	9.24 p m	8.52 a m	2.20 p m
Arrive Columbus	10.20 p m	9.45 a m	3.15 p m
Hocking Valley Division.	**No. 6, daily**	**No. 4 daily**	
Leave Columbus	8.00 a m	4.00 p m	
" Lancaster	9.18 a m	5.23 p m	
" Logan	10.38 a m	6.20 p m	
Arrive Athens	11.15 a m	7.00 p m	

River Division.	No. 6, daily except Sunday.	No. 10, mixed, daily except Sun
Leave McArthur Junct	12.06 p m	8.39 p m
" Gallipolis	1 41 p m	11.41 p m
Arrive Pomeroy	2.22 p m	1.15 a m

NOTE ON RUNNING OF TRAINS.

Direct connections made in Union Depot at Columbus for Newark, Zanesville, Pittsburg, Wheeling, Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia; also for Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville and all points South and Southwest.

☞ Close connections at Toledo for Detroit and all points in Michigan and Canada.

H. J. FALKENBACH,
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The Only Road Running Solid Train to New York.

3 THROUGH TRAINS. 3

—WITH—

Pullman Palace Sleeping Coaches. Pullman Buffet Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Hotel Coaches, Parlor Cars and Elegant Day Coaches.

TIME TABLE ADOPTED June 2, 1889.

(Central Time, 28 minutes slower than Columbus Time.)

Trains depart from Marion, O., as follows

WESTWARD. DEPART.

No. 1, Cincinnati express	10.50 a.m.
No. 5, Vestibule limited, daily	12.34 p.m.
No. 3, Cinti., Chi. & St. Louis Ex., daily	11.50 p.m.
No. 37, Local	9.30 a.m.

EASTWARD. DEPART.

No. 12, New York and Boston Ex., daily	4.20 a.m.
No. 4, Chautauqua express	12.45 p.m.
No. 8, Vestibule limited, daily	6.10 p.m.
No. 38, Local	2.40 p.m.

Pullman Palace Coaches on all through trains

E. B. THOMAS, Second Vice President.
I. P. FARMER, G. P. A., New York City.
W. C. KINERSON, A. G. P. A., Cleveland.
W. W. DINNAVANT, Div. Pas. Ag't, Warren, O

I prescribe and fully endorse Pile 61 as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease. O. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y.

We have sold Pile 61 for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction. D. R. DYCHE & CO., Chicago, Ill.

Price $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

Necessarily Reduced!

STRAW HATS,
SEERSUCKERS,
FLANNELS,
Suspenders,
NECKWEAR,
DRESS SHIRTS.

☛The weather has been against us, the season is late and I have too many straw hats and other summer wear, such as Seersucker Coats and Vests, Flannel Coats and Vests, Light Underwear, etc. I have marked them down to such prices that they will go.

LIGHT UNDERWEAR,
FLANNEL SHIRTS,
Cheviot Shirts,
HALF HOS ,
UMBRELLAS,
RUBBER COATS

SAM OPPENHEIMER,
Conrad Block, North Main Street.

COAL!

L. B. GURLEY, dealer in all kinds of Coal. TO SAVE MONEY buy your winter supply now. Office N. of Jail.

FOR RENT—Room over Cull's restaurant, suitable for office or other purposes. Inquire of John Cull. 1324wl

WANTED.—An efficient girl to do general housework. Inquire of Mrs. George H. Kling, south Main street.

STAR OFFICE TELEPHONE NUMBER 51.

Use Sapolio Soap. Absolutely pure.

—N. M. Field is reported on the sick list.

—Home-grown strawberries fresh every day at Bauer's grocery. 1331

—O. T. Camp, of Virginia, is spending a few days in this city, visiting relatives.

—The Commissioners were at Upper Sandusky today on joint county ditch business.

—J. A. Woolford and wife returned home Tuesday after a short visit with relatives at Toledo.

—Something new in gasoline stoves. Step in and see them at Remoser & Mahaffey's.

—Two plain drunks were pulled in Wednesday night and the city treasury enriched seven dollars in fines.

—Try vermicelli, the prepared German noodlen. For sale at Metzger's, J. G. Leffler's and Markett & Schoenlaubs.

—Miss Pyrle McWilliams and Misses Minnie and Meta Roberts were attending commencement exercises at Delaware today.

—W. A. Burke, of the Electric Light company, was called to Sandusky city, Tuesday, by the dangerous illness of his brother at that city.

—Mrs. Martha Lewis and Mrs. Fannie Gordon, of South Bloomfield, are visiting a few days in this city the guests of John Dowler and family, on Grand avenue.

—From now until after the Fourth of July we will sell all our millinery goods and notions at nearly your own prices.
BARROS'S BEE HIVE.

—The council was to have met in an adjourned session on Tuesday night, but no quorum assembled. We may remark, however, that it rains and the city government still lives.

—A. B. Cunningham and his aunt, of this city, and Mr. A. Stewart are visiting friends in Kenton. Mr. Cunningham is formerly of Lancaster and is visiting friends and relatives in this city.

—Miss Alice Foster, who has been teaching in this county and making her home with Mrs. H. Deibert, on West street, left this morning for her home near Marietta, Ohio, to spend her vacation.

—G. E. Smith was at Upper Sandusky on Tuesday, and he tells us that some crank has stirred up the boys wonderfully by causing the arrest of a number of them for betting on last fall's election.

CHASE & HUNTER

FOR EXCHANGE—75 acres in Bowling Green Tp., this county; will trade for Marion property or stock of goods.

FOR SALE—Small residence lot two squares from Music Hall; $225.

FOR EXCHANGE — Horse and buggy for vacant lot.

FOR SALE—Some cheap property on W. South St.; most anything you want at prices that will make good investments.

—Go to Barron's Bee Hive for millinery and fancy goods. We have cut the prices in half. 191 tw

—A full line of mantels and grates now on exhibition (new styles) at Remoser & Mahaffey's. 1901

—Miss Dora Strawman, of Caledonia, is the guest of the Misses Culbertson, on west South street.

—Mrs. S. Elder, of East Marion, started this morning for Buffalo, to visit a son and daughter and other relatives, expecting to be absent about six weeks.

—Michael Albright and son, William, leave tomorrow evening for Europe, where they will remain about two months. They will visit both Germany and France.

—Now is the time to have your order for strawberries for canning. Special low prices by the bushel.
1324] THEW & MANZ.

—The members of the Democratic County Central committee met in the City Hall Tuesday and fixed September 14 as the date for the next county convention for nomination of county officers.

—The I. O. O. F. of Marion will attend divine services in a body at the U. B. church, in Marion, on Sunday, June 30th, at 11 a.m. Rev. Hensley will preach that day, morning and evening.

—On July 3d and 4th, the Chicago and Atlantic railway will sell excursion tickets at one full fare for the round trip. Tickets good returning up to and including July 5th, account of Fourth of July.

—On July 3d and 4th the N. Y., L. E. and W. railway will sell excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip, tickets good going only on day of sale and returning not later than July 5th, 1889, on account of the Fourth of July.

—A little son of W. A. Guthery fell into one of the electric light pole holes Monday and narrowly escaped injury, help having been close at hand. A lady also stepped into one, full of water, on north Main street, and set the neighborhood frantic with her screams. The holes should be properly covered.

—Rev. George Camp and wife arrived in this city Tuesday. Mr. Camp recently graduated from Bethany college and will preach his first sermon, which marks his entrance into the ministry, next Sunday at the Christian church. Mrs. Camp was, immediately after her arrival here, called to Wood county by serious illness of her father, Rev. Dowling.

—Marion is to lose Sanfords' elegant crockery store. Part of the stock will be closed out here and the balance opened out at Lima. Messrs. L. C. and S. H. Sanford have conducted a fine establishment here and it is to be generally regretted that Marion's patronage doesn't offer sufficient inducement to keep them here. The proprietors have also made many friends here, who would rather they could have remained for personal reasons.

—The editor of a Crestline paper says: "If you buy a dollar's worth of sugar to make ice cream for a church festival, you pay an hundred cents, and think nothing of it, but the editor is expected to publish a two dollar notice for nothing, and then considered mighty mean if he doesn't attend with his whole family and spend a dollar or two. It is not the fault of the people, it is the way they are educated. Editors should charge for their work and then subscribe or donate, like other people."

—Bob Dumm seems equal to any occasion. The following paragraph is doubtless a Fourth of July advertisement: "Our electric light is a grand success, and so far one of the greatest acquisitions Upper Sandusky has ever had. It gives to the city a metropolitan appearance. It is now the pride of our city. In a few days we will have natural gas gushing from our public square, and in less than one year a system of waterworks not to be surpassed in this section of Ohio. Upper Sondusky, the land of Wyandots, is now on the boom, and will soon have Tiffin, Bucyrus, Marion and Findlay on its suburbs."

Teachers Elected.

The board of education completed the list of teachers on Tuesday night, excepting the B Grammar and principal of the east building. The list is as follows, in which a few changes will be readily noticed:

CENTRAL BUILDING.

High school principal, Kate R. Blair; assistant High school, Anna M. Fite; A Grammar, Lizzie S. Ruehrmund; B Grammar, Mrs. H. D. Emery; C Grammar, Gertrude Kirkpatrick; D Grammar, Nettie L. Zurk; A Primary, Eva E. Osborne; B Primary, Emma Cunningham; C Primary, Kate Trou; D Primary, Alice Edwards.

NORTH BUILDING.

A Primary and principal, Louise Cunningham; B Primary, Grace Cunningham; C Primary, Hattie Christian; D Primary, Mrs. S. P. Gregg.

SOUTH BUILDING.

A Primary and principal, Emma Ruehrmund; B and C Primary, Susie L. Moore; D Primary, Abbie Gast.

EAST BUILDING.

C Grammar, Lottie E Ward; D Grammar, Cynthia Dunham; A and B Primary, Effie Mapes; C and D Primary, Clara Kowalke.

The janitors are: Central building, Fred Hostetler; north building, James Smith; south building, James Troy; east building, Joe Schneider.

Land Appraisers To Be Elected Next Fall.

Next year a new appraisement of the real estate of Ohio will take place, observes a valued exchange, and for this purpose land appraisers will be elected at the regular election next November. It is the duty of the county commissioners, at their June session, to divide the country into suitable districts and give notice by publishing the same in the papers, in order that an appraiser may be elected in each district at the fall election. Heretofore it has been the custom to denominate each township a district. The judges of election are required to keep a separate poll book for the county auditor, who, with the clerk and probate judge, shall declare the result. The auditor is required to furnish the appraisers with abstracts, books, instructions, etc., as soon as practicable after the 1st of March, 1890, when they shall enter upon the discharge of their duties. The matter of selecting these officials is one that demands the consideration of the public, and none but men of judgment, who understand the value of real estate, should be elected.

Fourth of July Picnic.

There will be a general basket picnic, to which the various orders and the protestant Sunday schools of Marion have been invited, held July 4th, on the old camp grounds on the lands of James McWilliams, southeast of town. The procession will form on Main and Center streets and pass out on South street and Mt. Vernon avenue to the grove. Let there be a good attendance. Everybody bring well filled baskets. Each order and each Sunday school is requested to provide transportation for the baskets and caring for same on the grounds, and any other convenience they may desire to enjoy. These arrangements are left exclusively to the parties concerned.

The program will appear later.

An Illinois Opinion.

Thomas Stocks has just returned from Illinois, and he hands us the following paragraph as a sample of the feeling for Rev. Schweinfurth, the alleged Christ:

Mr. Schweinfurth, the Illinois pretender who claims to be Jesus Christ, told a reporter of a Chicago paper that he was not quite sure whether he would be crucified a second time or not. Crucifixion is no longer in style, but we cannot now recall the name of any person to whom a new coat of tar and feathers would be more becoming than Mr. Schweinfurth. He is not a religious crank, but a plain, old-fashioned fraud for revenue only.

Notice.

Any person found guilty of carrying away tools, lumber or material of any kind, meddling with the water pipes or otherwise doing damage at the new works, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

HUBER MANUFACTURING CO.
E. HUBER, President.

Tourists,

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c and $1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.
Fair, warmer weather; variable winds.

CARPETS

THE BEST GOODS
In all grades
at the
LOWEST PRICES.

Warner & Edwards,

SUMMER Furnishings.

China and Japanese
MATTINGS,
Rugs and
Art Squares.

Warner & Edwards.

MINISTER TO GERMANY.

William Walter Phelps Appointed to the German Mission.

Special to DAILY STAR.]

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The president today appointed William Walter Phelps, of New Jersey, as minister to Germany, to succeed Mr. Pendleton. This fills the appointment to which the senate refused to confirm M. Halstead.

Mr. Phelps' excellent service on the Samoan commission made him prominently mentioned for the place and the appointment is no surprise. It is very satisfactory to eastern Republicans.

Opposed to Goose Creek Operations.

The Commissioners have been enjoined against making Goose Creek sewer. It is rumored that the Commissioners will not get the restraining order dissolved, on as slight grounds as was urged for its former dissolution. Would it not be well for the Commissioners to make some arrangement for a full hearing of the case instead of skirmishing hither and thither in foreign counties to obtain dissolutions that will not stand and prevent new orders of injunction being obtained on technicalities in the pleadings? The jurisdiction and rights of the Commissioners to usurp the authority of municipal corporations and make orders of assessments is bound to come to a full hearing before Goose Creek is sewered or any orders of the Commissioners pertaining thereto will be allowed to be enforced, either by the parties interested or the courts.

If this plan is pursued it will save the citizens a large amount of unnecessary expense for useless and inconclusive orders and the expense of hearing temporary motions in other counties than Marion, and before judges who cannot by the means usually furnished them, arrive at any just conception of the true state of the case (except on full hearing). This will also save a large amount of illegal attorneys' fees being paid by the Commissioners for obtaining such unsatisfactory orders and possibly may prevent tax payers of Marion from instituting proceedings to recover such payment from the Commissioners as individuals.

Such a course may be personally beneficial to the future aspirations of certain persons in and around the Temple of Public Justice. TAX PAYER.

Remsberg-Harding Nuptials.

Mr. Elton E. Remsberg, of Springfield, O., and Miss Charity M. Harding were married at the home of the bride's parents, east Center street, Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. About eighty guests were present, and—though the occasion was no "society event," but rather a plain, unostentatious marriage of a worthy young lady to an excellent young gentleman—it was a bright and pleasant assembly, which was as agreeably entertained as the host and hostess could do it.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Whitworth, the bridal couple being attended by Miss Nellie James, of Norwalk, and Mr. C. M. Remsberg, of Springfield. Congratulations were followed by refreshments, shortly after which Mr. and Mrs. Remsberg bade a hasty good night and departed on the 10:30 train for Cleveland and a trip up the lakes. Upon their return they will go to Springfield, where Mr. Remsberg is engaged in the mercantile business.

They were very handsomely remembered by their friends, being made the recipients of an elegant collection of presents. These tokens doubtless conveyed many good wishes, which the STAR may be permitted to join, for a happy and successful future.

Wants to Recover Election Bets.

[Upper Sandusky Union.]

Henry Haner has commenced action against M. H. Brinkerhoff, W. T. McDonald, L. W. Hull and John W. Lane to recover various sums of money alleged to have been won by the parties above named on the result of last November's election. The action is brought under section 4273 of the Revised Statutes, which provides that any person, after the expiration of six months, may bring suit and recover sums of money bet and won upon the result of any election. The entire proceeding is publicly denounced by all fairminded citizens and is regarded as an unwarranted, despicable piece of business, the object of which is to extort money for personal gain.

Removal.

The Marion Steam Dye Works have moved their office from Fite block to East street, opposite the jail, where you will find them ready to do all kinds of cleaning and dyeing.

—A letter from Frank D. Isham, of Dayton, O., a former employe of S. S. Fox & Co., states that he was married last Sunday evening to one of Dayton's fairest young ladies and the happy pair will sail on the Umbria for Europe next Thursday. The many friends of Frank made during his long sojourn with us, unite in wishing himself and wife a happy and smooth glide on the briny deep, as well as through the troubled waters of life. Here's to you, Frank; success be thine.

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SPRING
LAKE ICE!
ORDER OF THE
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Office at W. J. GRILLS, opposite Postoffice.

☞We guarantee the only genuine Spring Lake Ice, taken from the Hepburn spring lakes of the purest water.

Contracts made for the season or by the cwt. Special contracts for large consumers.

Satisfactory Delivery Daily.

MARION ICE CO.

Cochranton.

Clover cutting is in hand and everybody is busily engaged.

The band visited Big Island last Thursday evening and rendered some choice music. They are engaged at Sandusky for the 4th.

S. Koons, of Lafine News, visited our place on business, some few days ago.

James Hatfield and Will Shultz received some fine confectures not long since. They in all probability came from the gallery.

Children's day exercises on Sunday last were the grandest ever known in this church. An audience of 621 persons was in the church and about 200 outside, and possible 250 persons left account of seating capacity. The estimate of various ones as regards the number which attended and those who would have remained, on average is 1000. The program was carried through nicely and no breaks of special interruption were made. The choir did excellent work. Several recitations and declamations were of the best. However, every one was listening to hear the names of Miss Mears and Mr. Hill announced on the program, and they rendered their selections in the best of style, and received hearty applause.

Dan St Jean, of Prospect, is visiting home and friends in this vicinity a few days this week.

The band will have a supper at Mr. Clements one night this week. Everybody come and enjoy yourselves.

The public schools of this place will close on Saturday, June 29, with a picnic in Clark's grove. Everybody is invited. W. A. Sager, J. H. Caine, Rev. Scott and others will be present upon the occasion. The Scott Town band will be in attendance and escort the schools, which come by delegations. Bring your basket full of dinner and enjoy the pleasures of the day.

Mrs. McIntyre is upon the sick list this week.

Prof. Hill was at Cleveland on Wednesday of last week. Miss Gertie Day acted as preceptor for a day or two.

Allen Parr, of the Marion Malleable Iron works, was in our village over Sunday.

June 24. CITIZEN.

Presents in the most elegant form
THE LAXATIVE AND NUTRITIOUS JUICE
—OF THE—
FIGS OF CALIFORNIA,
Combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming an agreeable and effective laxative to permanently cure Habitual Constipation, and the many ills depending on a weak or inactive condition of the
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.
It is the most excellent remedy known to
CLEANSE THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY
When one is Bilious or Constipated
—SO THAT—
PURE BLOOD, REFRESHING SLEEP, HEALTH and STRENGTH
NATURALLY FOLLOW.
Every one is using it and all are delighted with it.
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR
SYRUP OF FIGS
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY NEW YORK, N. Y.

TRISTRAM & YOUNG,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Main Street, opposite C. H., Marion, O.

HANDSOME
LINE
—OF—
BABY AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES.

SUMMER RUBBERS.
Light Weight Toe Rubbers,
Newports, Sandals,
—FOR—
High and Low Heeled Shoes.

Tristram & Young.

MERCHANT TAILORING.
Williams & Leffler,
—THE LEADING—
MERCHANT TAILORS
ARE NOW SHOWING THEIR
Spring & Summer Goods.
A PERFECT FIT AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
PRICES REASONABLE!

Right Now is the Time to Buy
COAL CHEAP,
—AT—
PRENDERGASTS'.

H. SCHAFFNER IS OFFERING A CHOICE LINE OF NOVELTIES IN
FURNITURE!
Including Fancy ROCKERS, DIVANS, SECRETARIES, TABLES, etc., besides his large line of General Furniture, at prices that are sure to please.
UNDERTAKING Promptly and Carefully attended to.

JOB PRINTING
EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE
NEATLY & PROMPTLY!
—AND IN THE—
LATEST DESIGNS.

Miller & Brigle's
Livery Barn!
—THE—
Finest in Marion,
Back of Kelly's Grocery,
TELEPHONE 15.
New Horses
—AND—
New Rigs.
Horses hitched to Phaetons and Surreys perfectly safe for Ladies' Driving.
We make a specialty of Hacks and Carriages for Funerals.
GIVE US A CALL.
MILLER & BRIGLE.

Bottom Dropped Out of the
COAL BIN!
—BUT—
SIMON D'WOLFE
Is on top of the pile, and selling
COAL!
As CHEAP as the CHEAPEST
—AND AS—
GOOD as the BEST.

GET YOUR MEALS
—AT—
CULL'S
DINING HALL!
Refitted and Better than ever.
REGULAR MEALS
(THE BEST IN THE CITY)
—FOR—
25 CTS.
Special Dishes Served to Order.
Oysters at All Times.
LUNCH STAND IN CONNECTION.
TICKETS (20 MEALS), $3.50.
My old patrons and all new ones are invited to call.
JOHN CULL,
2d Door East of Court House.

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FIRE
INSURANCE
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BEST in the MARKET
—AT—
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